GNSS Receiver Measurement Application

Smart Construction Rover Manual

Application Ver. 000700 or later

September 30, 2025

For the settings of the [SC Rover2 (RTF800)] receiver body, refer to the "RTFSetting" manual.



Sales



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Chapter 1

SC Rover App Version Upgrade,

Uninstallation, and Installation

Check the version upgrade of the app before setting and using. Version upgrades may be made for the addition or modification of functions without prior notice.

If you have upgraded the version, exit the application once and restart it.

* The new version will not be reflected until restarted.

Pay attention when uninstalling it. Review the instructions in advance. * 1-1. Uninstalling SC Rover App





Normally, you do not need to uninstall the app.

IMPORTANT CHECKS

Precautions for uninstallation

If you have to uninstall for some reason, check the following in advance.

Since the uninstallation deletes all the contents of the installation folder, it deletes everything such as the data from the measurement with the terminal and the files imported.

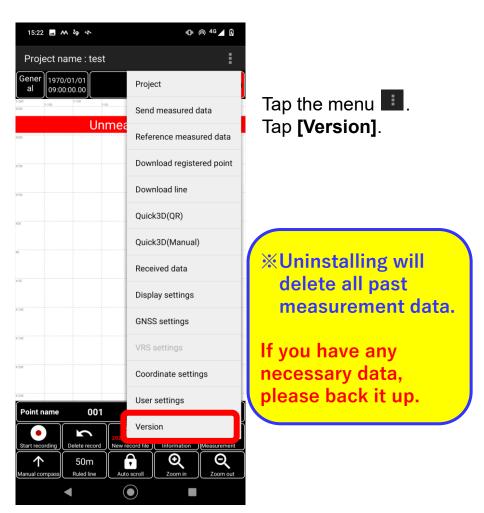
- \rightarrow (1) Back up the measured data.
- \rightarrow (2) Back up the [files] folder.
 - * You can skip the backup if you do not mind the loss of the measured data and imported files so far.

For backing up the measured data, see the next page.

If you need the measured data and others, back up the data before the uninstallation.



Backing up the measured data

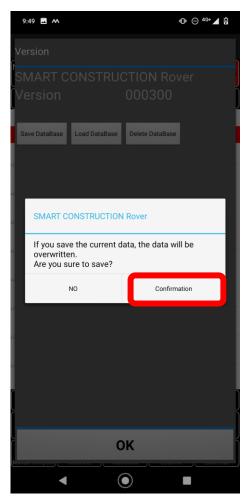




The measured data is backed up.

Tap [Save DataBase].

Backing up the measured data



Tap [Confirmation].



The measured data [SC Rover App.db] is saved in Internal Shared Storage > Android > data > jp.akt.SC Rover App > files.

* Ver. 000100 or later



Backing up the measured data

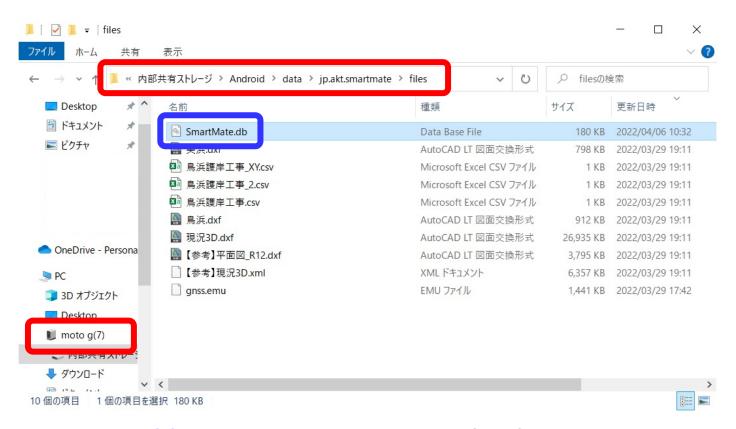


Connect the PC and measurement terminal, and back up [SC Rover App.db] in Internal shared storage > Android > data > jp.akt.SC Rover App > files folder.

For the connection between the PC computer and measurement terminal, see 2-4-2-2, "(3) Copying and pasting the CSV file to the terminal".

Tap [OK].

Backing up the measured data



[SC Rover App.db] is the backup file of measured data.

Save any other files needed to be backed up on your PC.

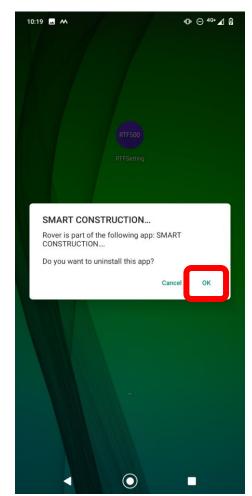




[SC Rover App] is uninstalled.

Tap the icon, and while holding it, slide it to the upper right to uninstall the app.

* The uninstallation procedure may differ depending on the terminal used.



Tap **[OK]**.

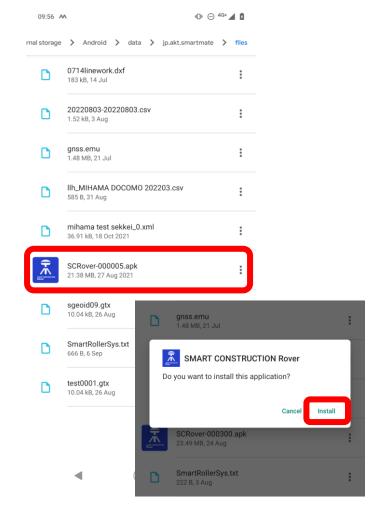




Check that it is uninstalled.

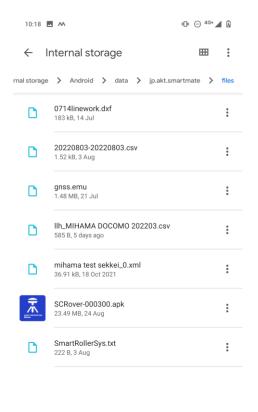






Tap the apk file saved on your terminal.

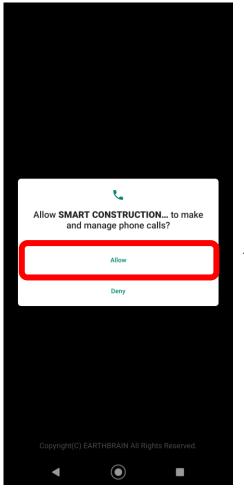
Tap [Install] on the confirmation screen that appears.



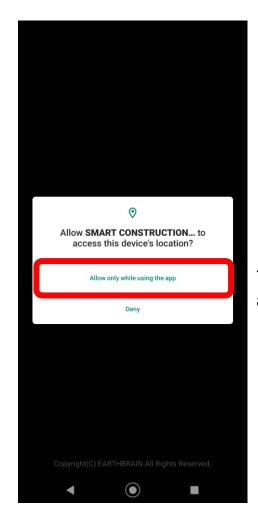
SMART CONSTRUCTION Rover was installed

After the installation is finished, tap [Open].



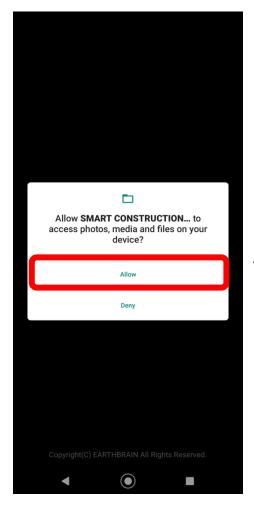


Tap [Allow].



Tap [Allow only while using the app].



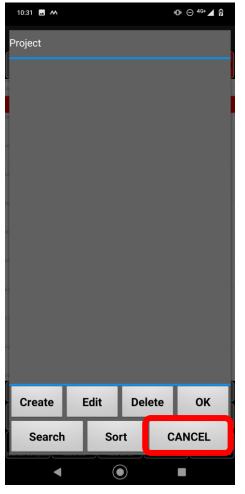


Tap [Allow].

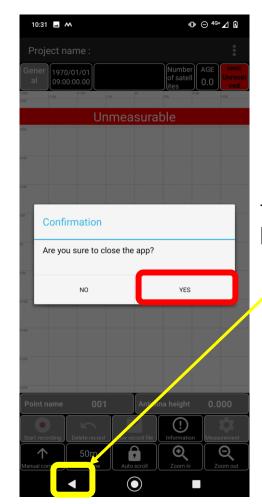


After confirmation, tap **[OK]**.

Note:
If you press [OK] while it is not connected to the Internet, it will not be authenticated.

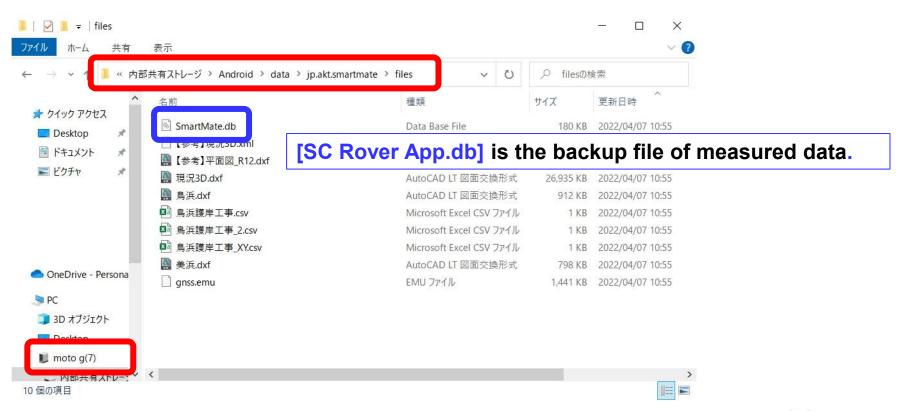


When the project creation screen is displayed, tap **[CANCEL]**.

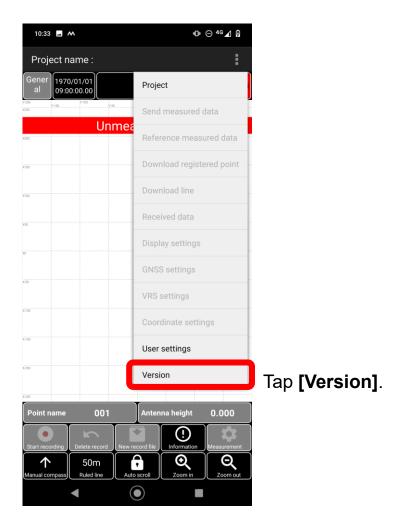


Tap the [◀] (Back) button and then [YES] to exit the application.

Migrate the [SC Rover App.db] and other files backed up after the installation.

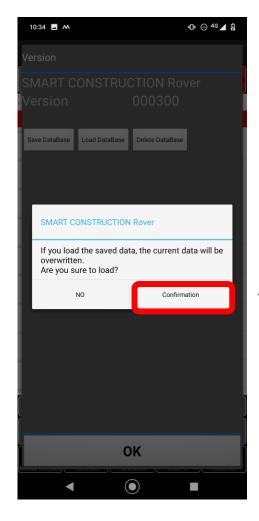


Connect the PC and the measurement terminal, and migrate (copy&paste) the [SC Rover App.db] and other files that have been backed up in the internal shared storage > Android > data > jp.akt.SC Rover App > files folder.

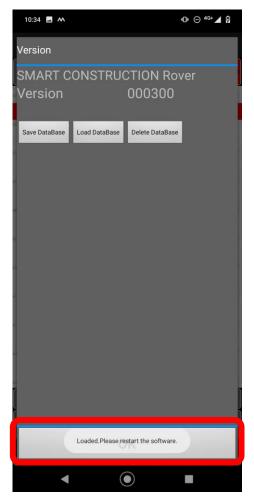




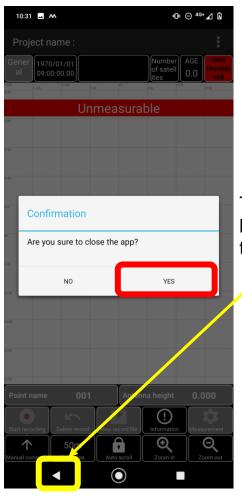
Tap [Load DataBase].



Tap [Confirmation].

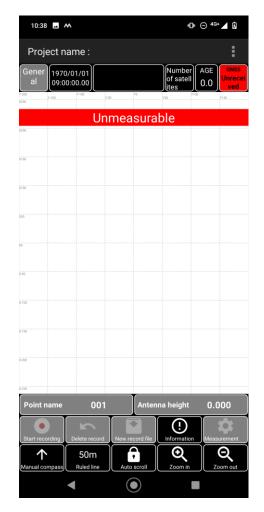


The backed up and migrated measurement files are imported.
Tap [OK].



Restart the application.

Tap the [◀] (Back) button and then [YES] to exit the application.



By starting the [SC Rover App], the measured data imported into each project is reflected.



Chapter 2

Pre-Setting for Measurement



2-1. Logging in to SC Rover App

SMARTCONSTRUCTION, SMARTCONSTRUCTION Pilot, and Quick3D users require LANDLOG authentication after logging in to SC Rover App.



2-1-1. Logging in to SC Rover App

You need to set it only once, on the first use. Not required for second use.

- * Normally, this is set up by our company before delivery.
- * We may ask you to change the settings, for example, due to contract changes.

Note

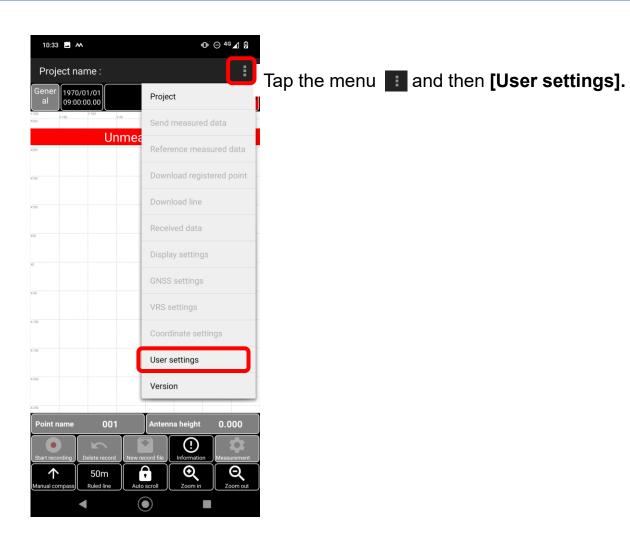
For products shipped in July 2022 and later, you may need to begin by setting the Google account and installing each application. To check this, refer to the procedure manual.



Power on your tablet and tap [Rover] to start it up.

* The location of the icon may differ from this picture depending on the terminal.

2-1-1. Logging in to SC Rover App





2-1-2. Logging in to LANDLOG

SMARTCONSTRUCTION SMARTCONSTRUCTION Pilot The users of these need to set the following.

Quick3D

* If you are not a user of SMARTCONSTRUCTION, SMARTCONSTRUCTION Pilot, or Quick3D, you do not need the settings (login).

You need to set it (login) only once, on the first use.

* Unless you change users, you do not need to log in to it again.

You may need to log in again, for example, if there is a change in specifications.

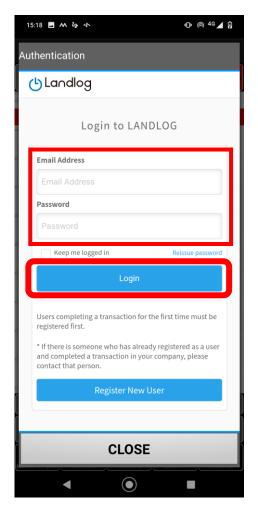


Tap the menu and then [User settings].

* If you are not a user of SMARTCONSTRUCTION, SMARTCONSTRUCTION Pilot, or Quick3D, you do not need the settings (login).

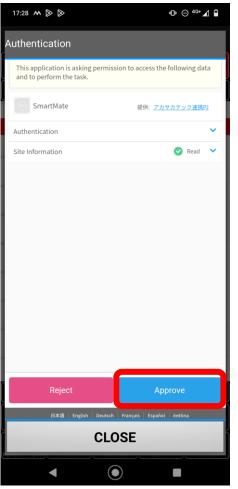


Tap [Authentication].



Enter your LANDLOG authentication **email address** and **password** and tap **[Login]**.

* If you are not a user of SMARTCONSTRUCTION, SMARTCONSTRUCTION Pilot, or Quick3D, you do not need the settings (login).



Other steps may be required before [Approve].

If so, set them according to the procedure.

Tap [Approve].



Confirm that it is authenticated successfully and the LANDLOG authentication status is [Authenticated]. Then tap [OK].

To change a LANDLOG authenticated user, tap [Clear authentication info] and perform the authentication procedure again.

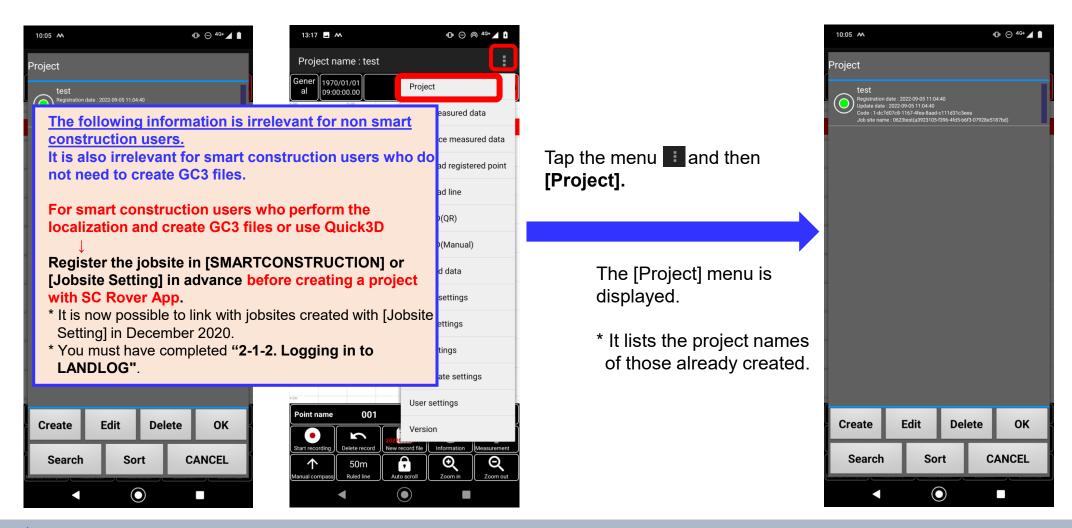
2-2. Creating a project

To perform the localization to create a GC3 file using Quick3D, you need to link the project created by SC Rover App to the LANDLOG work of [SMARTCONSTRUCTION] or [Jobsite Setting].



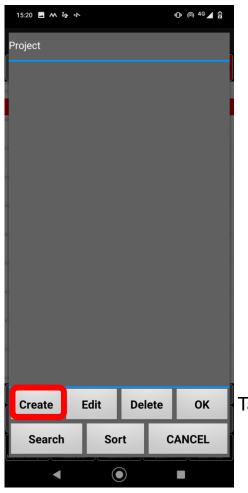
2-2-1. Creating a project

Create a project (site for measurement) with SC Rover App.

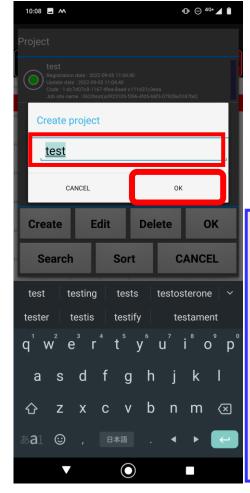




2-2-1. Creating a project



Tap [Create].



Enter a [project name] and tap [OK].

If you created a job site with **[SMART CONSTRUCTION]** or **[Jobsite Setting]**, you should enter the <u>same name</u> as the jobsite name registered in [SMART CONSTRUCTION] or [Jobsite Setting].

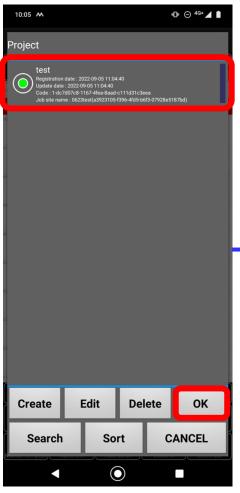
* The names do not necessarily have to be the same.
It can be linked even if the names are different.
It is, however, recommended to enter the same name for easier management later.

It does not link to the [SMART CONSTRUCTION] or [Jobsite Setting] work name at this point.

In this example, the project will be created on [SC Rover App].



2-2-1. Creating a project



The jobsite registration is finished.

Select the project to use and tap **[OK]**.

* The screen on the right will not be displayed if you have not finished the LANDLOG authentication.

If you have finished the LANDLOG authentication

Even without linking to any LANDLOG work, you can register control points in the residual calculation terminal in localization.

→ GC3 files can be created by LANDLOG linking after measurement.



If the GC3 file is not created If Quick3D is not used

Since it does not need to be linked to [SMART CONSTRUCTION] or [Jobsite Setting], tap [CANCEL].

If you are a smart construction user who has finished the LANDLOG authentication, the Select LANDLOG Work screen will appear.

■ When creating a GC3 file by localization If Quick3D is used

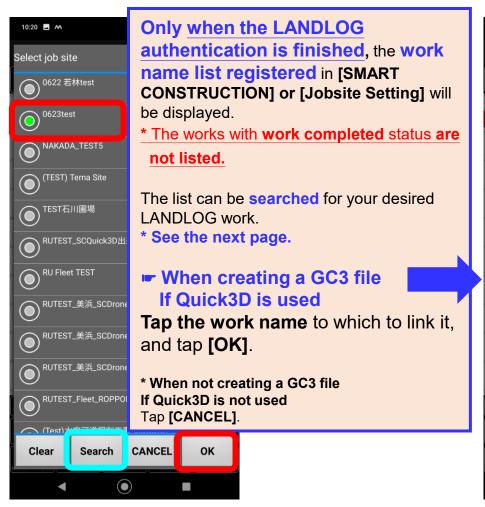
You <u>need to link it to the LANDLOG work</u> created with [SMART CONSTRUCTION] or [Jobsite Setting].

* See the next page.



2-2-2. Linking to a LANDLOG work

To create a GC3 file with [Quick3D] by performing the localization, you need to link it to a project in [SMARTCONSTRUCTION] or [Jobsite Setting].





For example, if you create a project named "1" as an [SC Rover App] project and select [Torihama Shore Protection Work] in the Select LANDLOG Work screen, [SC Rover App] project "1" will be linked to that work.

Supplement

When creating a GC3 file, for the link between the SC Rover App project and LANDLOG work, it is possible to link them or change the link destination after measurement with the SC Rover App project.

Confirm that the screen

LANDLOG work name.

* Otherwise, they are not yet

Retry the linking procedure.

shows the linked

Edit

Sort

Delete

OK

CANCEL

linked.

Create

Search

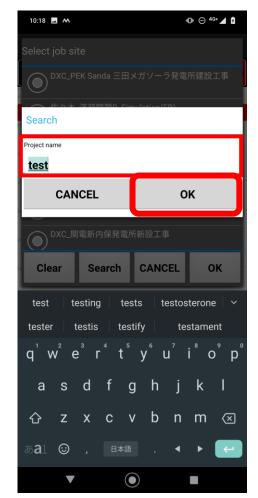
2-2-3. LANDLOG work search

LANDLOG work search

* You can search for a work with Select LANDLOG Work (if there are many LANDLOG works registered).



To search for a LANDLOG work, tap [Search].



Enter the LANDLOG work name for which to search, and tap **[OK]**.



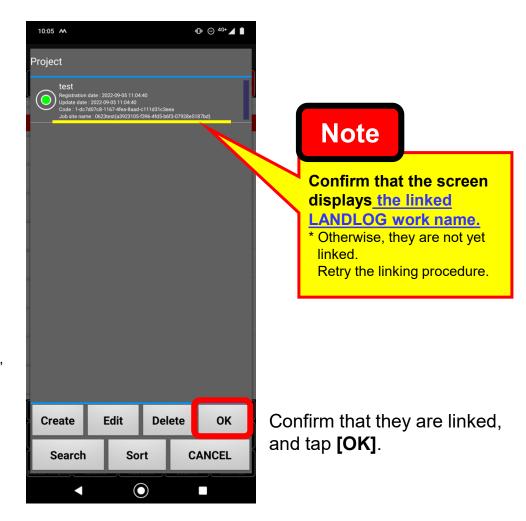
2-2-3. LANDLOG work search



The list includes the candidate LANDLOG work name entered in Search.

* Works marked as "Completed" will not be displayed.

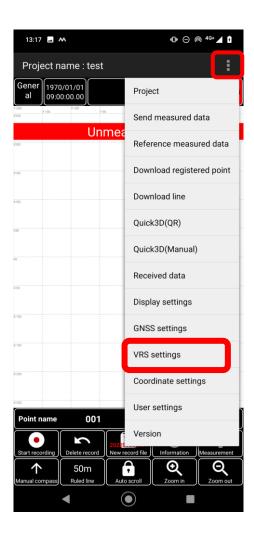
Select the work to which to link it, and tap [OK].



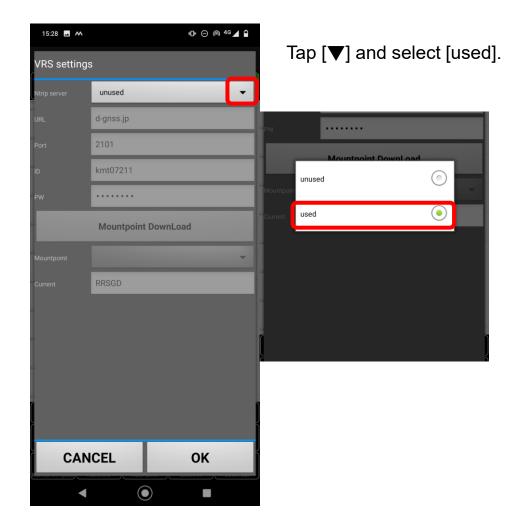
2-3. Ntrip settings



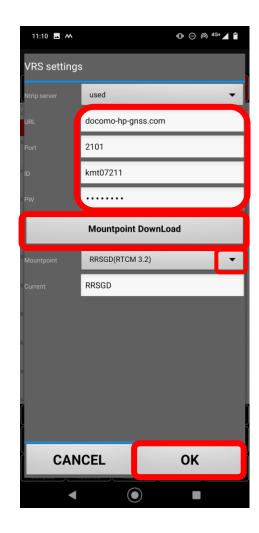
2-3-1. Ntrip settings



Tap the menu and then [VRS settings].



2-3-1. Ntrip settings



Enter the **[URL]** and **[Port]** of the destination party and the **[ID]** and **[PW]** issued by the contracted company.

Tap [Mount Point DownLoad].

Tap [▼] and select the mount point to use.

* For the mount point of each company, examine it in a separate document.

"ID" when using "Komatsu Ntrip Caster"

When using SC Rover 2 (RTF-800)

Base station serial number: RTF800-XXXXXXXXX

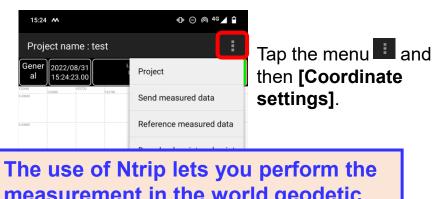
*PW: SC21

After confirming the settings, tap [OK].

2-4. Coordinate settings



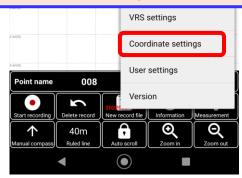
2-4-1. Measurement with a projection

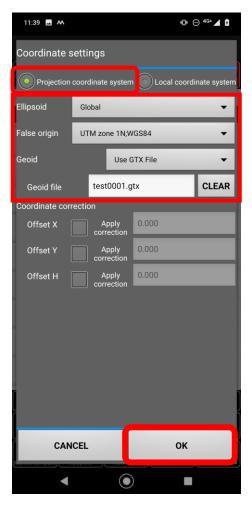


measurement in the world geodetic system.

Ntrip does not enable measurement in the old Japanese geodetic system.

For performing the localization, see the next page.





Select a projection.

- [Ellipsoid] Select the region where to use it
- [False origin] Select [Public coordinate system to usel.
- [Geoid] Select [Use GTX File].
- [Geoid file] Select the [GTX file to use] saved on the terminal.

After confirmation, tap [OK].

2-4-2. Performing localization

1. Registering the reference point coordinates (for performing the localization by actual measurement)

Before localization measurement, pre-register the reference point coordinates (X, Y, H) for localization in the terminal.

- * Importable with a CSV file.
- 2. Reflecting the localization results measured by a competitor's system

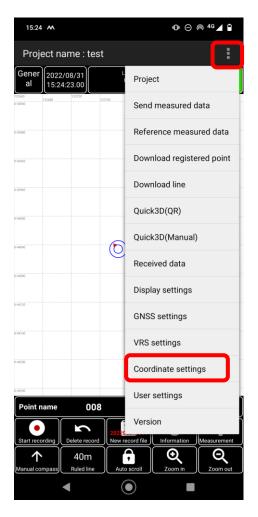
After importing the CSV file of the X, Y, and H coordinates of each point, WGS84 latitude, longitude, and ellipsoidal height, which are the results of localization by the competitor's system (e.g. GC3 file), the residual calculation can be performed with Smart Construction Rover App and the result can be registered as a control point.

* Supported by Ver. 000033 or later of [SC Rover App].

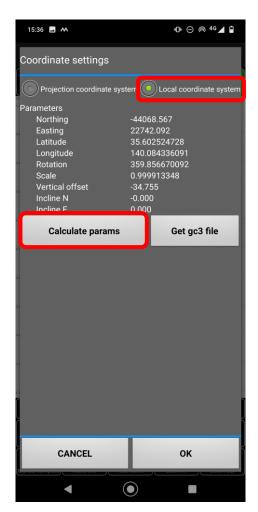
Example of use:

The jobsite has already completed the localization with the competitor's system and has the resulting localization file (e.g. *.GC3). At this site, you want to reflect the results of the localization previously performed by the competitor's system in the [SC Rover App] and perform measurement without actually measuring the localization again.





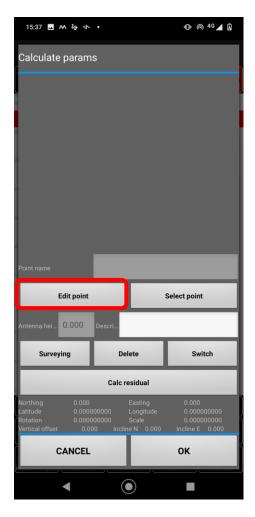
Tap the menu and then [Coordinate settings].



Tap [Local coordinate system].

Tap [Calculate params].

Register the reference point coordinates



Tapping the [Edit point] button opens the Edit Point screen.

* That screen allows you to [Add], [Edit], and [Delete] the point.



For manual input

Point coordinates where the localization measurement will be made

Enter

- [Point name],
- Local coordinate n [m]: X,
- Local coordinate e [m]: Y, and
- Local coordinate z [m]: Z.

Then tap [Add].

After entering these in order, tap [Add].

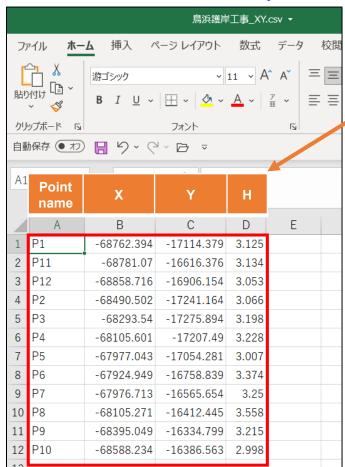
The reference point coordinates to register (i.e. targets of actual measurement) can be imported with a <u>CSV format file</u>.

* See the next page.

Importing the reference point coordinate file

Import the X, Y, and H coordinates actually measured in localization with a CSV file.

The format of the file to be imported must be as follows.



CSV (comma-separated values) files (*.csv) can be imported.

The data is listed as shown on the left and saved as a CSV (commaseparated values) file (*.csv).

Example) Creation with Microsoft Excel

A: Point name; B: X; C: Y; D: H

Note

If saved as a CSV (comma-separated values) UTF-8 file (*.csv), it cannot be imported.

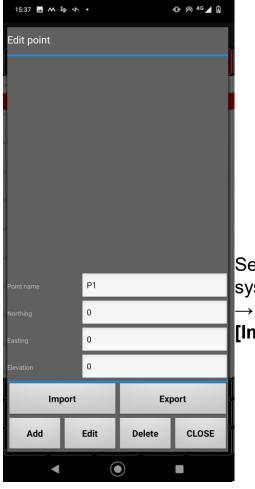
- Migrate the importing destination file to the specified folder on the terminal in advance.
 - **▶** Specified folder

Internal Shared Storage/Android/data/jp.akt.SC Rover App/files.

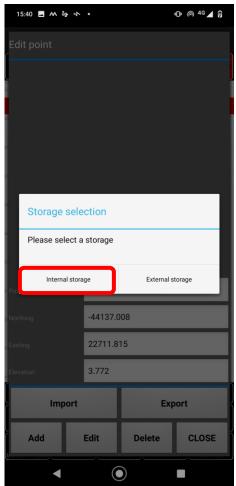
* From Ver. 000200, the importing is now enabled from external storage (e.g. SD card, USB flash drive).

See 2-4-2-2, "(3) Copying and pasting the CSV file to the terminal".

Importing the reference point coordinate file



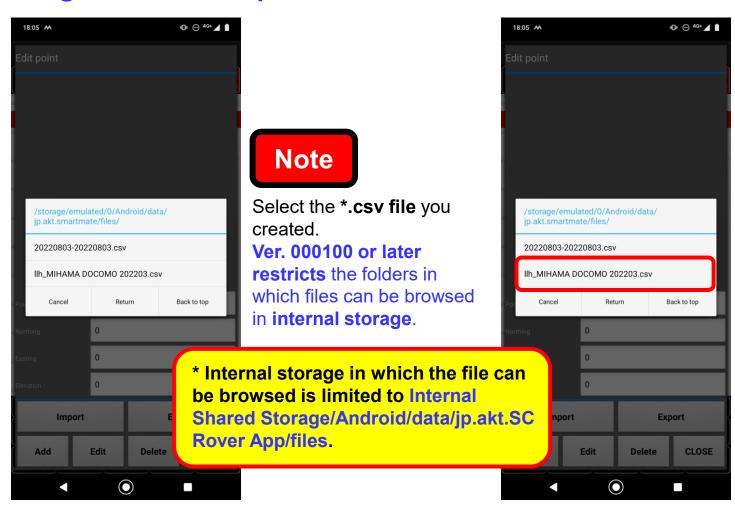
Select [Local coordinate system] → [Calculate params] → [Edit point]. Then tap [Import].



Select and tap [Internal storage] or [External storage] for the destination location to which to import the file.

- * Specified importing destination folder in internal storage Internal Shared Storage/Android /data/ip.akt.SC Rover App/files
- * External storage SD card, USB flash drive, etc.

Importing the reference point coordinate file



Tap the importing destination *.csv file.



Importing the reference point coordinate file



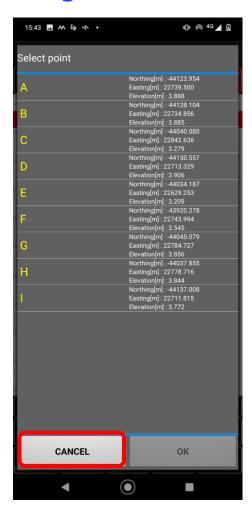
Confirm that it was imported, and tap [CLOSE].



Tap [Select point].



Importing the reference point coordinate file



Check the imported reference point coordinates. Then, confirm that the coordinates in the file have been imported, and tap [CANCEL].

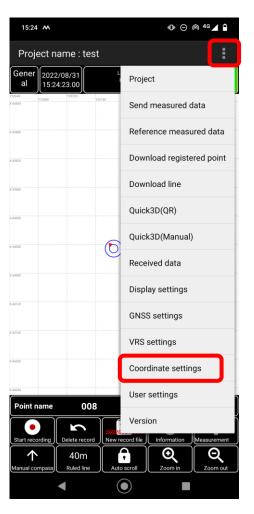
Localization actual measurement

Make an actual measurement with the imported reference point.

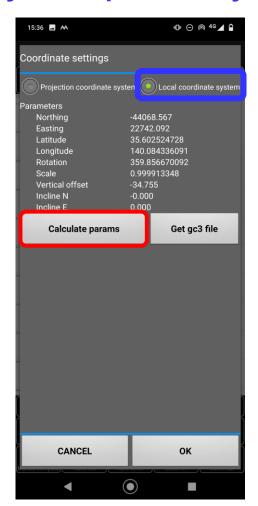
* For localization actual measurement, see "Chapter 4 Localization".



Reflect the localization results measured by a competitor's system.



Tap the menu and then [Coordinate settings].



Tap [Local coordinate system].

Tap [Calculate params].

The format of the destination file to which to import the localization results measured by the competitor's system

Notes

From [SC Rover App] Ver. 000033, the latitude and longitude that are imported and exported from the file are in sexagesimal notation (deg/min/s). Be careful that the specification has been changed from Ver. 000033.

The latitudes and longitudes exported with a version earlier than 000033 are in decimal notation (deg).

* If a file exported with a version earlier than 000033 is imported with Ver. 000033 or later, differences will arise.

The format of the file to be imported must be as follows.

鳥浜護岸工事.csv ▼ 夕 検索 データ 校閲 表示 アドイン ヘルプ クリップボード 5 **Point** Latitude Longitude **Ellipsoidal** Sexagesimal **Sexagesimal** height name -68762.394 -17114.379 3.125 35.224817724 139.384186722 40.89 2 P11 -68781.07 -16616.376 3.134 35.224760148 139.390160158 40.87 3 P12 -68858.716 -16906.154 35.224506426 139.385012532 40.8 4 P2 -68490.502 -17241.164 3.066 35.225699250 139.383682296 40.84 -68293.54 -17275.894 3.198 35,230338220 139.383543174 40.97 -17207.49 35.230948486 40.99 -68105.601 139.383812814 -67977.043 -17054.281 3.007 35.231366638 139.384418994 40.77 -16758.839 41.1 -67924.949 3.374 35.231537494 139.385589348 -67976.713 -16565.654 35.231370658 139.390355236 40.97 10 P8 -68105.271 -16412.445 3.558 35.230954390 139.390963306 41.28 11 P9 -68395.049 -16334.799 3.215 35.230014514 139.391273068 40.92 -68588.234 -16386.563 2.998 35.225387280 139.391069320 40.72

CSV (comma-separated values) files (*.csv) can be imported.

Note If saved as a CSV (comma-separated values) UTF-8 file (*.csv), it cannot be imported.

The data is listed as shown on the left and saved as a CSV (comma-separated values) file (*.csv).

Example) Creation with Microsoft Excel

A: Point name; B: X; C: Y; D: Z; E: Latitude; F: Longitude; G: Ellipsoidal height

Sexagesimal latitude and longitude input values

Examples) Latitude: 35°02'48.17724"

DD.MMSSSSSS -> 35.024817724

Longitude: 139°38'41.86722"

DDD.MMSSSSSS -> 139.384186722

Migrate the desired importing destination file to the specified folder on the terminal in advance.

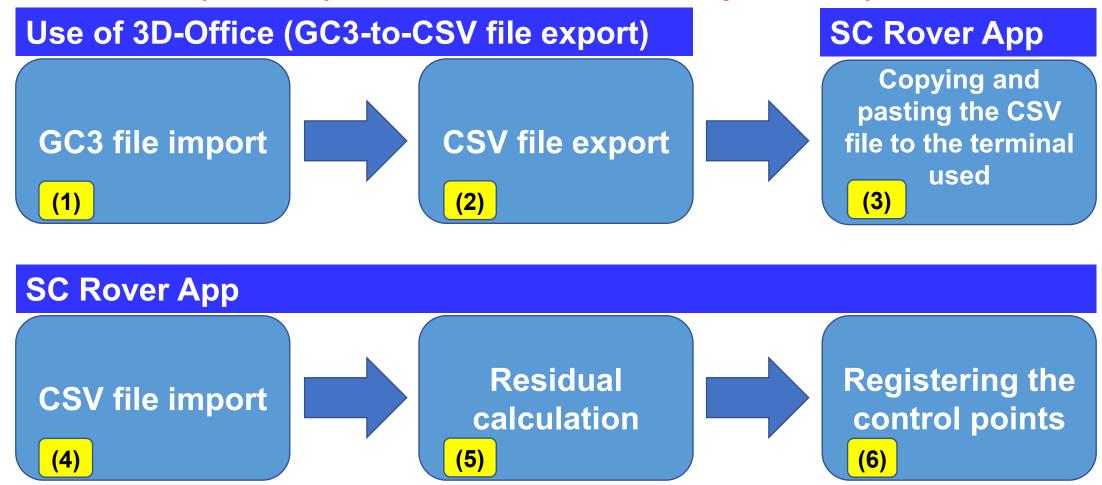
* Specified folder: Internal Shared Storage/Android/data/jp.akt.SC Rover App/files

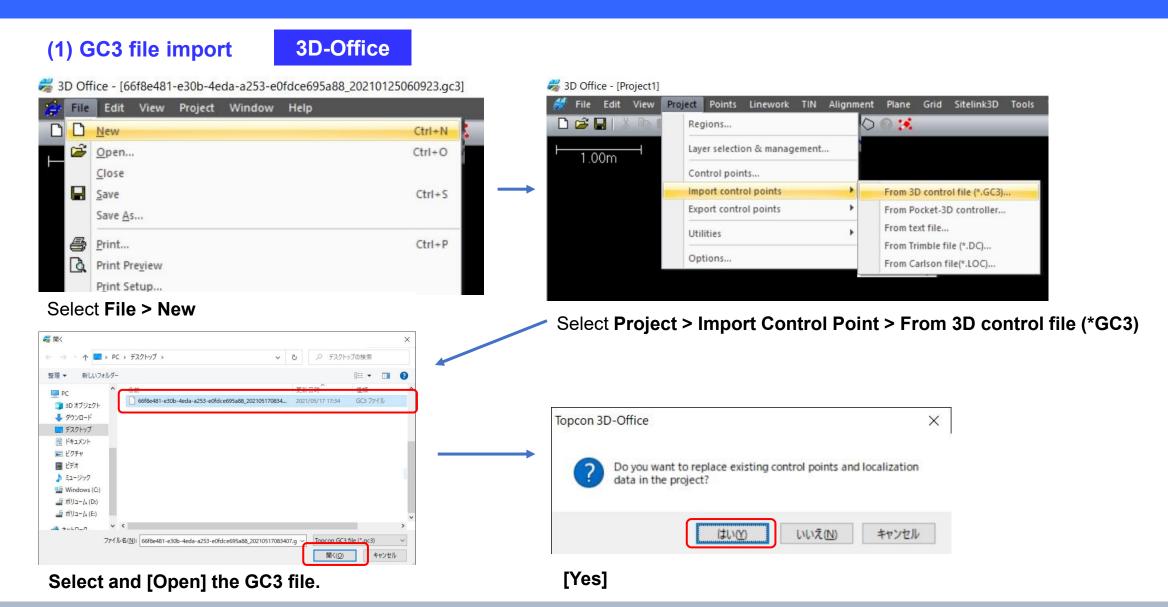
See 2-4-2-2, "(3) Copying and pasting the CSV file to the terminal".



Example) Reflecting the GC3 file measured by the TOPCON system to the [SC Rover App].

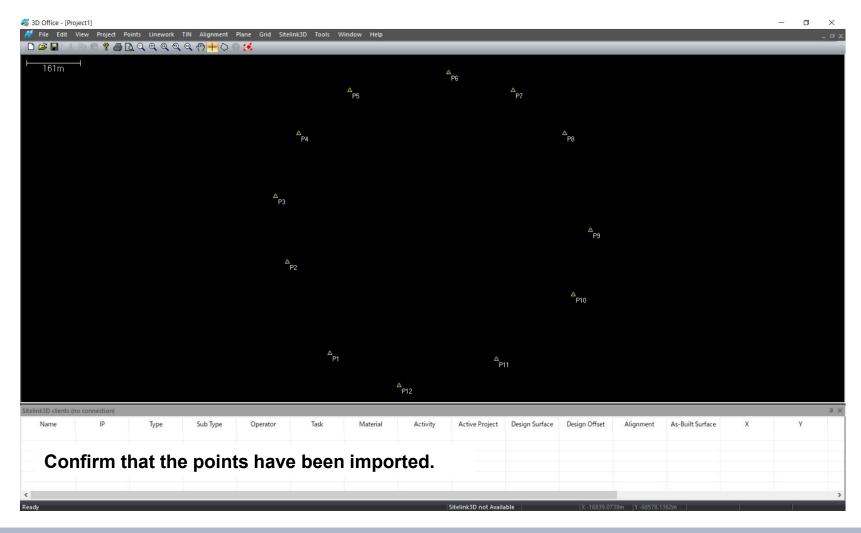
* The jobsite already has a GC3 file of the results measured using the TOPCON system.





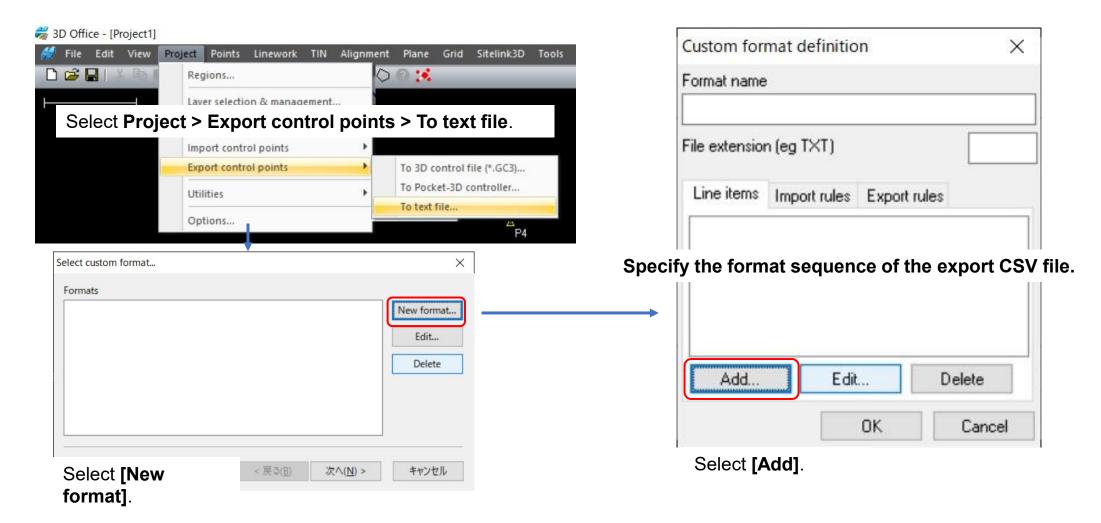
(1) GC3 file import

3D-Office



(2) CSV file export

3D-Office



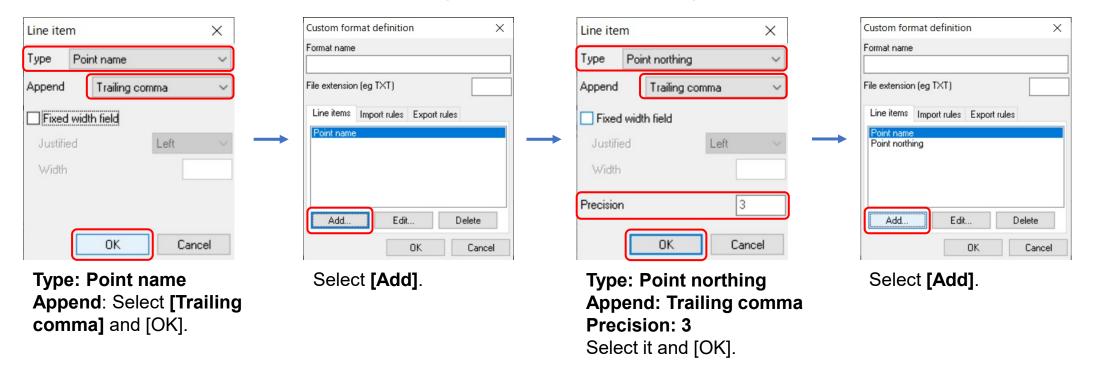
(2) CSV file export

3D-Office

Specify the format sequence of the export CSV file.

* If you do it once with 3D-Office on your PC, the format you set will be saved. Therefore, from the second time onwards, you can skip making the settings.

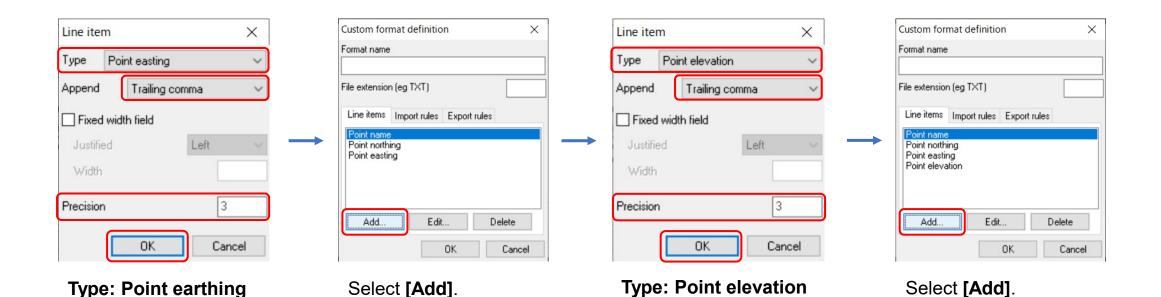
Proceed the [Add] process in the order of [Point name] \rightarrow [Point northing] \rightarrow [Point Easting] \rightarrow [Point WGS84 latitude] \rightarrow [Point WGS84 longitude] \rightarrow [Point WGS84 height].



(2) CSV file export

Append: Trailing comma

3D-Office



Precision: 3

Select it and [OK].

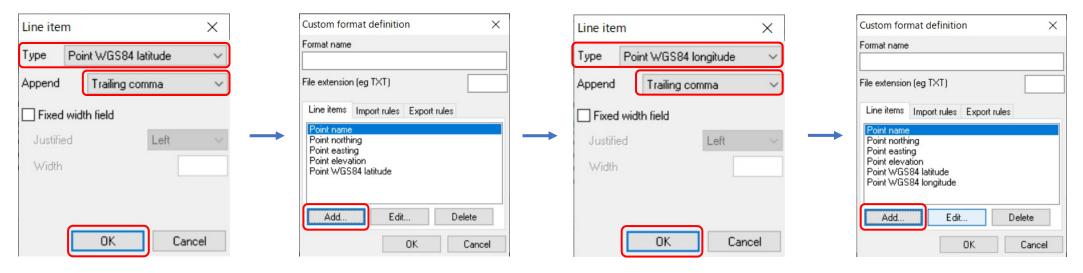
Append: Trailing comma

Precision: 3

Select it and [OK].

(2) CSV file export

3D-Office



Type: Point WGS84 latitude

Append: Trailing comma

Select it and [OK].

Select [Add].

Type: Point WGS84 longitude Append: Trailing comma

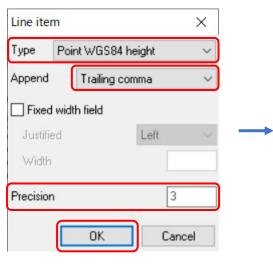
Select it and [OK].

Select [Add].

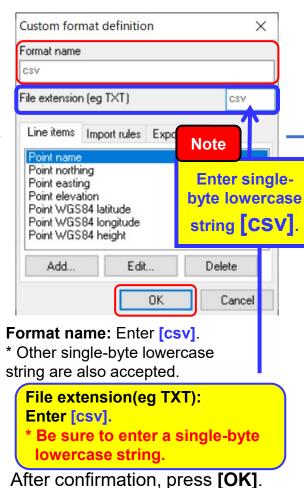


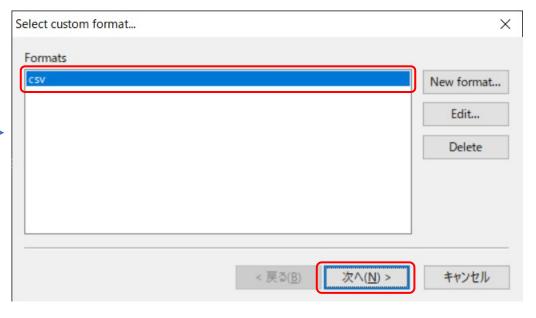
(2) CSV file export

3D-Office



Type: Point WGS84 height Append: Trailing comma Select it and [OK].





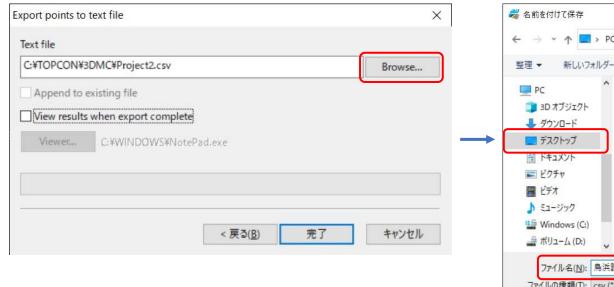
The set format is registered.

* Once registered, it will remain on the list until you [Delete] it.

Select the format to be used for the export ([csv] in this example) and press [Next (N)].

(2) CSV file export

3D-Office



Tap [Browse...] and select the CSV file export destination.



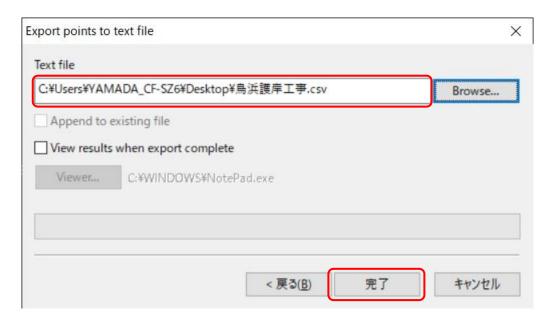
Example) Exporting the CSV file to the desktop Select [Desktop] and, in [File name (N):], enter the file name of the file to export.

* [Torihama Shore Protection Work] in this example. Press [Save].

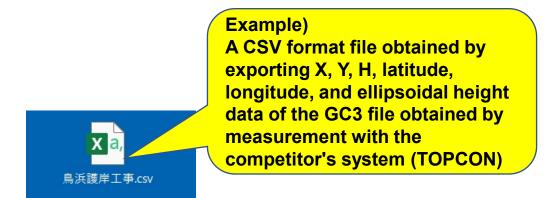


(2) CSV file export

3D-Office



After specifying the export destination and file name, press [Complete].



A CSV file with the specified file name is exported to the specified export destination.

For the file format, see the next page.

(2) CSV file export

3D-Office

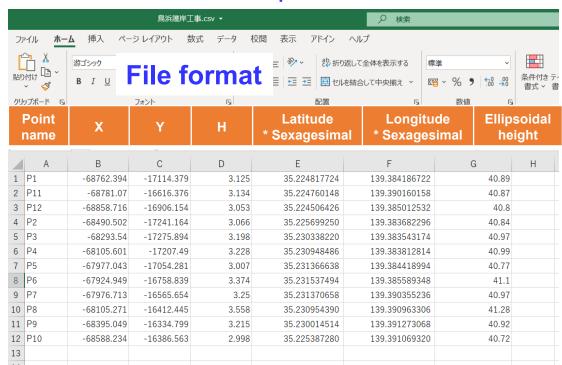
Notes

From [SC Rover App] Ver. 000033, the latitude and longitude that are imported and exported from the file are in sexagesimal notation (deg/min/s).

Be careful that the specification has been changed from Ver. 000033.

The latitudes and longitudes exported with a version earlier than are in decimal notation. Therefore, if a file exported with Ver. 000033 or earlier is imported with Ver. 000034 or later, differences will arise.

The format of the file to be imported must be as follows.



CSV (comma-separated) files (*.CSV) can be imported.

The data is listed as shown on the left in the format of a CSV (comma-separated values) file (*.csv).

Example) Creation with Microsoft Excel

A: Point name; B: X; C: Y; D: Z; E: Latitude; F: Longitude; G: Ellipsoidal height

Sexagesimal latitude and longitude input values (deg/min/s (DMS))

Examples) Latitude: 35°02'48.17724"

DD.MMSSSSSS -> 35.024817724

Longitude: 139°38'41.86722"

DDD.MMSSSSSS -> 139.384186722



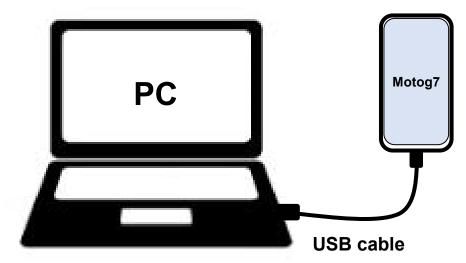
(3) Copying and pasting the CSV file to the terminal used

SC Rover App

When migrating an import file to internal storage

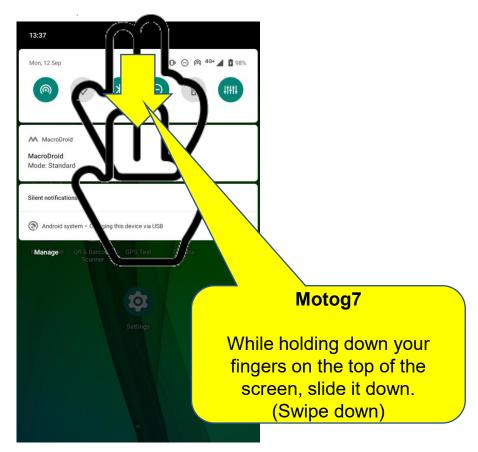
Example) Connecting the PC and Motog7

Connect the PC and Motog7 with a USB cable.



* For USB cables, the connector type differs depending on the Android terminal model.

* From [SC Rover App] Ver. 000200, file import is now enabled also from external storage (e.g. SD card, USB flash drive).



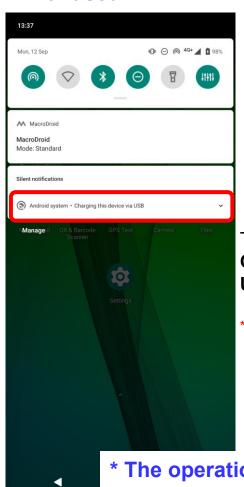
* The operations to connect it to the PC differ depending on the Android terminal used.





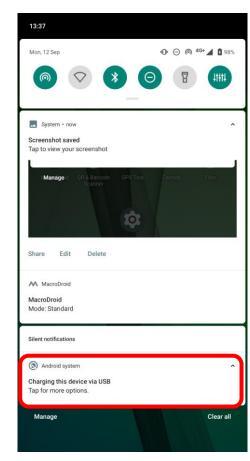
(3) Copying and pasting the CSV file to the terminal used

SC Rover App



Tap [Android system · Charging this device via USB].

* If this item does not appear upon connection to the PC, check the cable and replace it, if necessary (because it may not be recognized by the USB cable you are using).



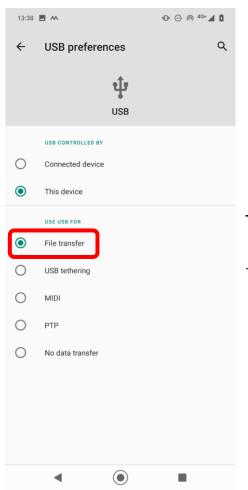
Tap [Charging this device via USB Tap for more options.].

* The operations differ depending on the Android terminal used.



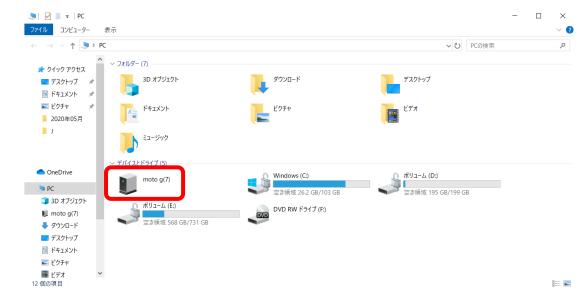
(3) Copying and pasting the CSV file to the terminal used

SC Rover App



Tap [File transfer].

→ The terminal will be recognized by the connected PC.

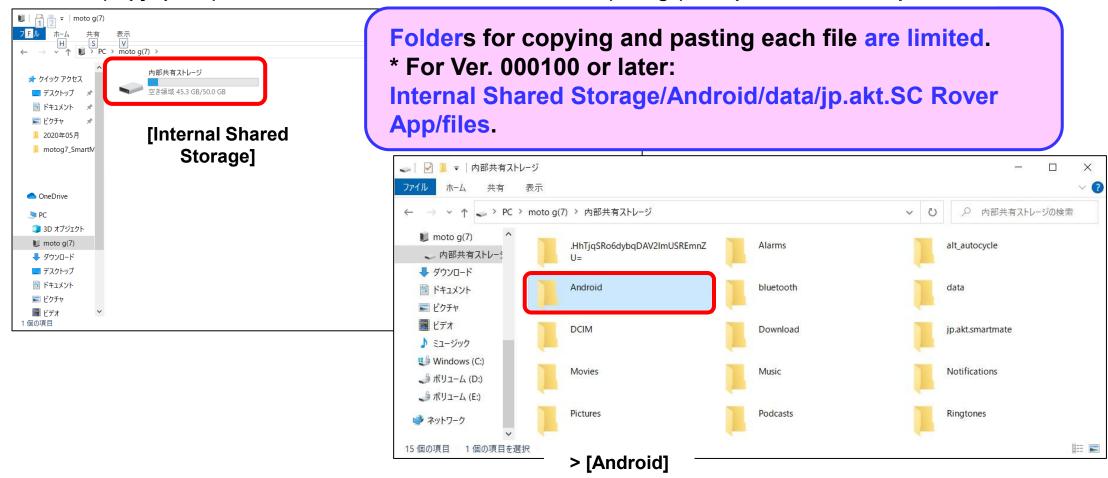


Open [PC] on your PC and double-click [moto g(7)].

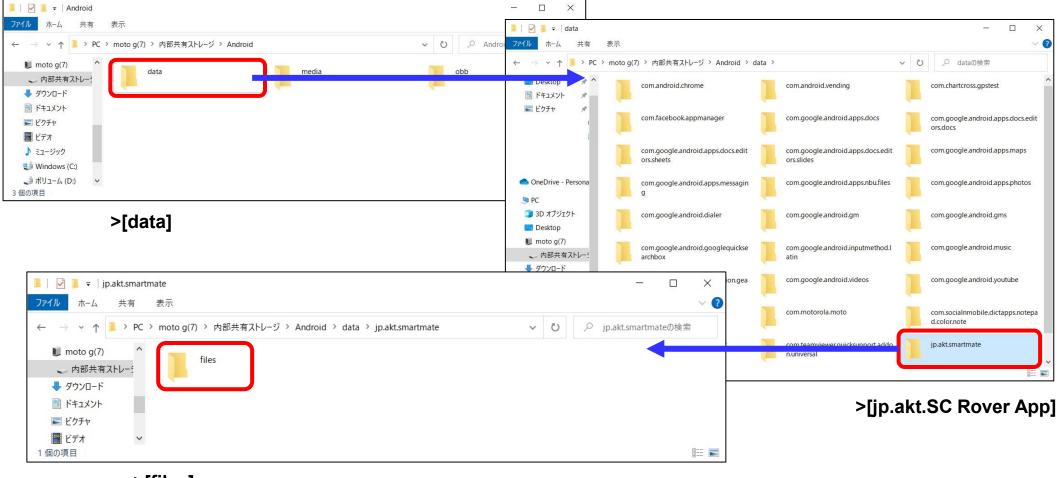
(3) Copying and pasting the CSV file to the terminal used

SC Rover App

Transfer (copy&paste) the file to the internal folder of the terminal (Motog7) to import the reference point file.

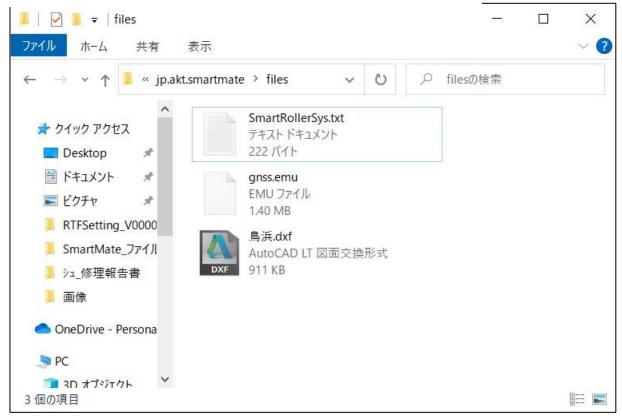


(3) Copying and pasting the CSV file to the terminal used



>[files]

(3) Copying and pasting the CSV file to the terminal used





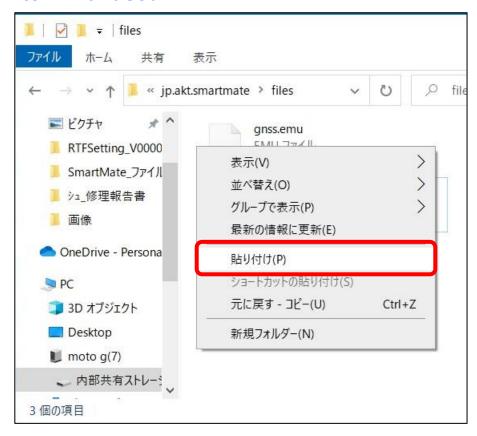
Open the [files] folder.

Copy the **CSV file** created with the PC.



(3) Copying and pasting the CSV file to the terminal used

SC Rover App



[Paste] it in the [files] folder.

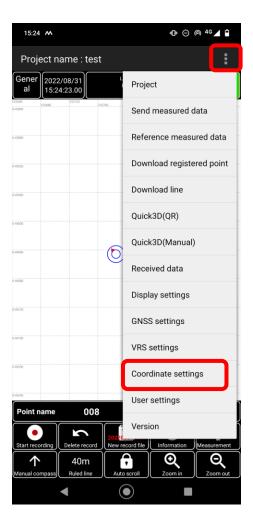


Confirm that the files have been transferred.

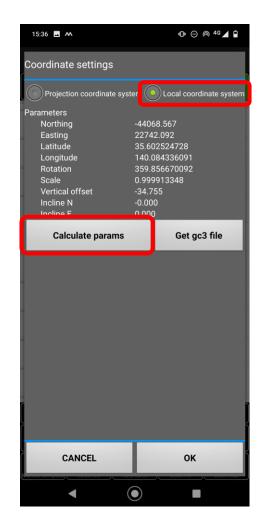


(4) CSV file import

SC Rover App



Tap the menues and then [Coordinate settings].

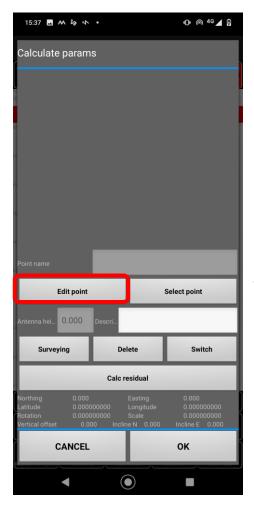


Tap [Local coordinate system].

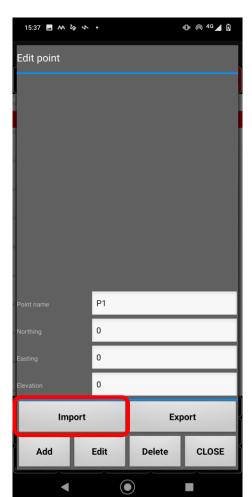
Tap [Calculate params].

(4) CSV file import

SC Rover App



Tap [Edit point].

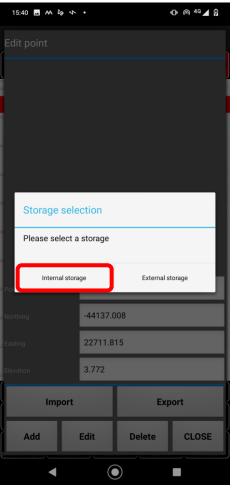


Tap [Import].

2-4-2-2. Reflecting the localization results measured by a competitor's system

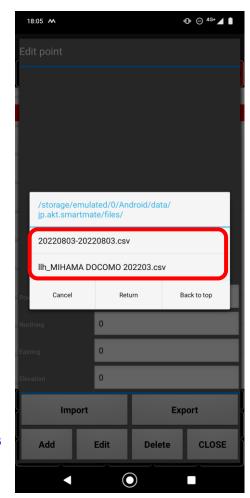
(4) CSV file import

SC Rover App



Select and tap [Internal storage] or [External storage] for the destination location to which to import the file.

- * Internal storage
 Specified importing
 destination folder
 Internal Shared
 Storage/Android
 /data/ip.akt.SC Rover App/files
- * External storage SD card, USB flash drive, etc.



The names of the CSV files premigrated to the specified folder are listed. Select and tap the file to import.



2-4-2-2. Reflecting the localization results measured by a competitor's system

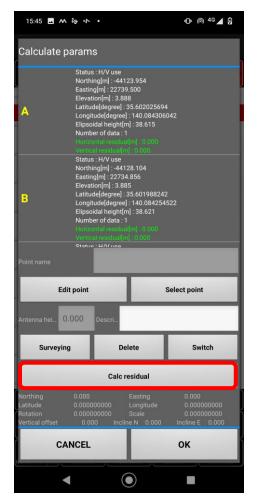
(4) CSV file import

SC Rover App



The reference point in the file is imported.

After confirmation, tap [CLOSE].



Then perform [Calc residual].

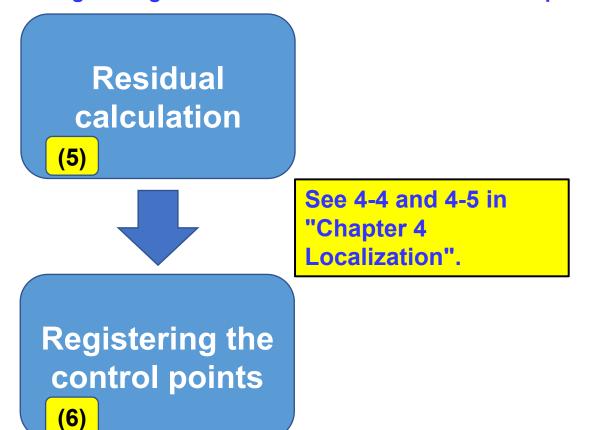
Residual calculations and control point registration cannot be performed without an internet connection.

2-4-2-2. Reflecting the localization results measured by a competitor's system

(4) CSV file import

SC Rover App

When reflecting the results of localization with the competitor's system and registering the residual calculations and control points

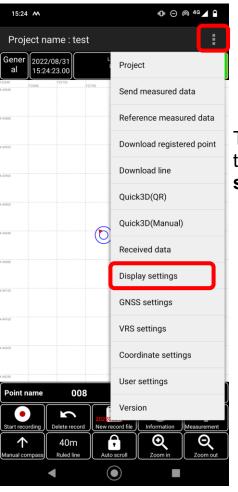


2-5. Display settings

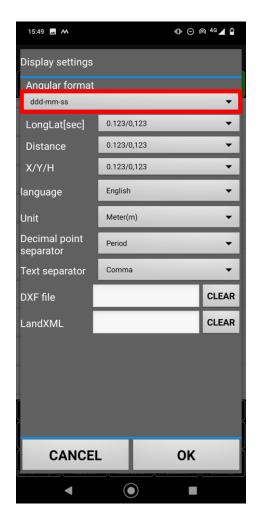


2-5-1. Latitude/Longitude Display formats

Select the display format for latitude and longitude during measurement.



Tap the menu and then [Display settings].



Tap in the box

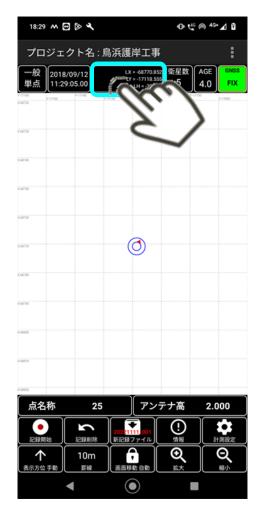


2-5-1. Latitude/Longitude Display formats



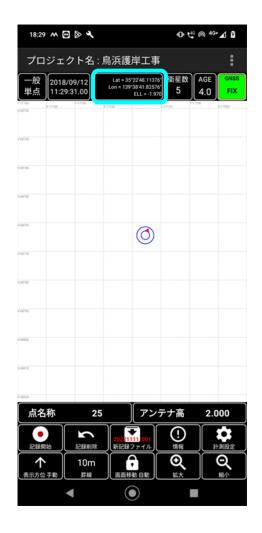
Select display format.

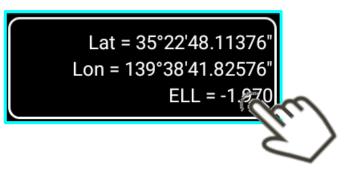
Tap **[OK]**.



Tap the coordinate display screen during measurement.

2-5-1. Latitude/Longitude Display formats



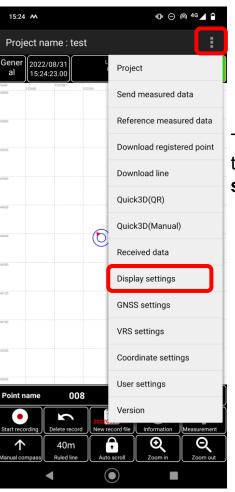


The selected latitude and longitude format will be displayed.

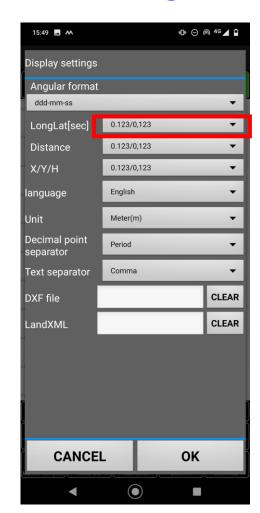
* Tap again to return to H, Y, H display.

2-5-2. Latitude/Longitude Display digits

Select the number of digits to display for latitude and longitude.



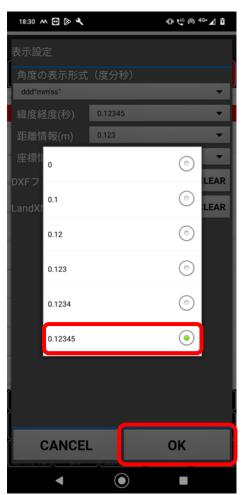
Tap the menu and then [Display settings].



Tap in the box



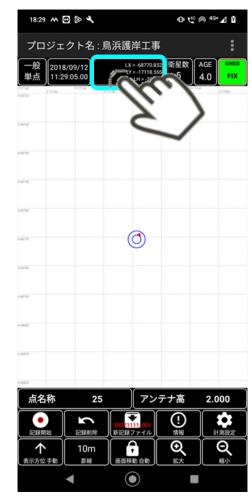
2-5-2. Latitude/Longitude Display digits



Select the number of decimal places for latitude and longitude (seconds) displayed during measurement.

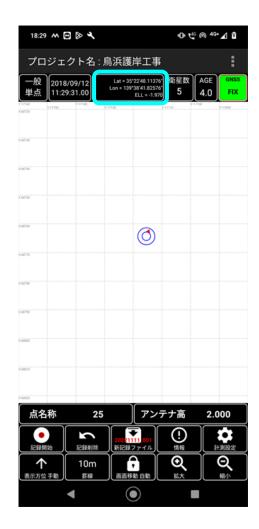
* Normally, select "0.12345".

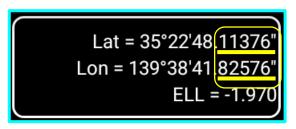
Tap [OK].



Tap the coordinate display screen during measurement.

2-5-2. Latitude/Longitude Display digits



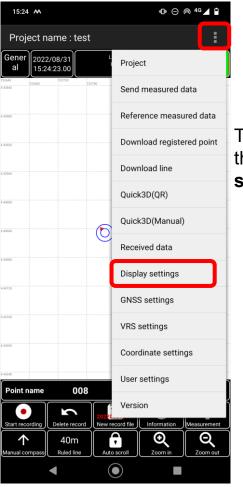


The selected latitude and longitude (in seconds) will be displayed with the specified number of decimal places.

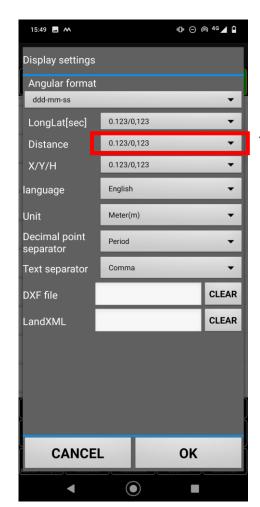
* Tap again to return to H, Y, H display.

2-5-3. Number of digits in distance

Select the number of digits displayed for the distance during measurement.



Tap the menu and then [Display settings].



Tap in the box

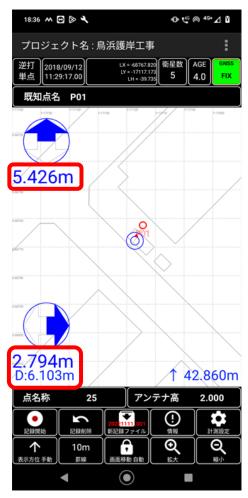


2-5-3. Number of digits in distance



Select the number of digits to display for the distance during measurement.

Tap [OK].



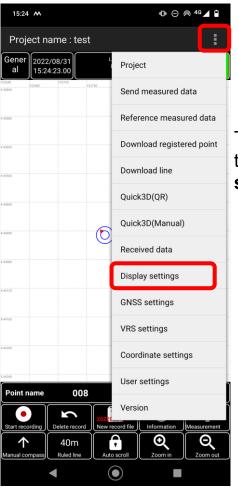
Example) Reverse single point

Displayed with the selected number of digits for the distance.

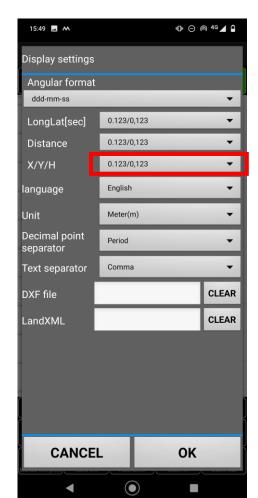


2-5-4. Number of digits in coordinate information

Select the number of digits to display for N(X), E(Y), and H(Z) when viewing measurement data.

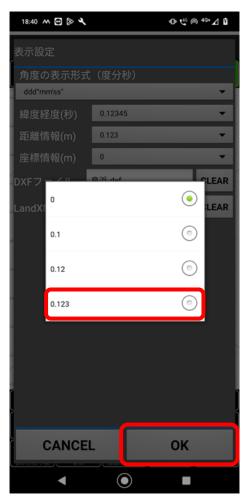


Tap the menu and then [Display settings].



Tap in the box

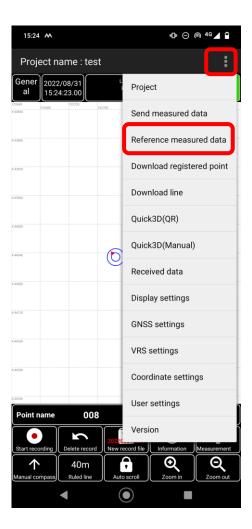
2-5-4. Number of digits in coordinate information



Select the number of digits to display for N(X), E(Y), and H(Z) when viewing measurement data.

* Normally, select "0.123".

Tap **[OK]**.



Tap the menu and then [Reference measured data].

2-5-4. Number of digits in coordinate information

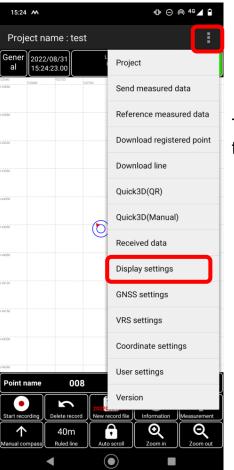


Displays N(X), E(Y), and H(Z) with the selected number of digits.

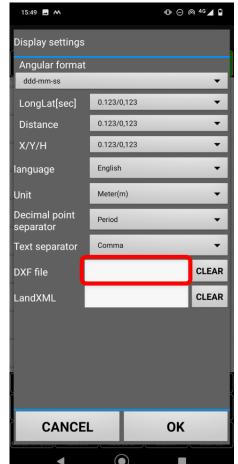
2-5-5. Importing a DXF file

A file imported on the terminal can be displayed. The DXF file supported version is R12. Note that some DXF files may not be imported or displayed.

* Copy the desired DXF file to import to the specified folder on the terminal. * See 2-4-2-2, "(3) Copying and pasting the CSV file to the terminal".



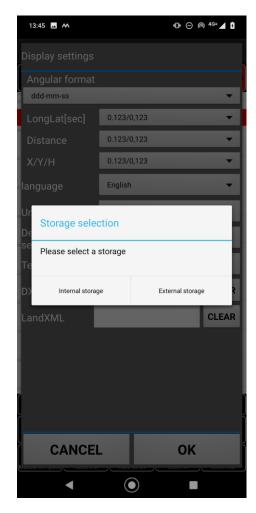
Tap the menu and then [Display settings].



Tap in the [DXF file] box.

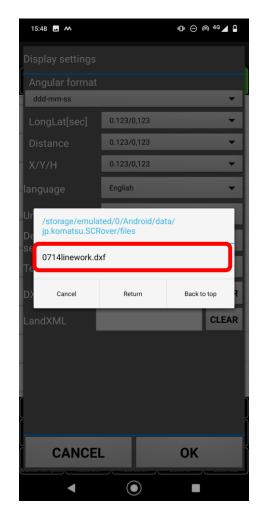


2-5-5. Importing a DXF file



Select and tap [Internal storage] or [External storage] for the destination location to which to import the file.

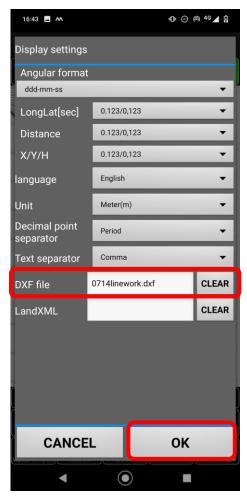
* Internal storage
Specified importing
destination folder
Internal Shared
Storage/Android
/data/ip.akt.SC Rover App/files



The name of the dxf file pre-migrated to the specified folder is shown. Select and tap the file to import.

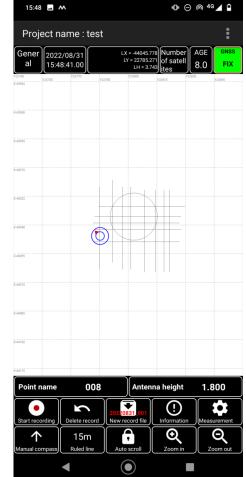


2-5-5. Importing a DXF file



- * Hiding the DXF file
 Tapping [CLEAR] blanks the inside of the box.
 The DXF file will be hidden by tapping [OK] in the blanked field.
- * [LandXML] can also be shown at the same time.

Tap [OK].



If the DXF file you tried to import has been successfully imported, it will be displayed on the screen during measurement.

* Whether display or measurement is enabled may vary depending on the file size and the specifications and usage conditions of the terminal used.

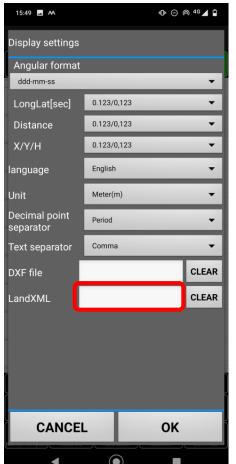
2-5-6. Importing a LandXML file

Data display and measurement are enabled using the LandXML file imported during measurement. Note that It may fail to import or display some LandXML files.

* Copy the desired LandXML file to import to the specified folder on the terminal.

Project name: test Gener 2022/08/31 al 15:24:23.00 Project Send measured data Reference measured data Download registered point Download line Quick3D(QR) Quick3D(Manual) Received data Display settings **GNSS** settings VRS settings Coordinate settings User settings

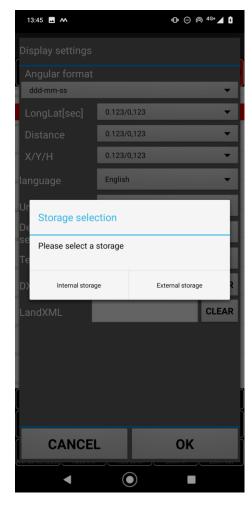
Tap the menu in and then [Display settings].



* See 2-4-2-2, "(3) Copying and pasting the CSV file to the terminal".

Tap in the **[LandXML]** box.

2-5-6. Importing a LandXML file



Select and tap [Internal storage] or [External storage] for the destination location to which to import the file.

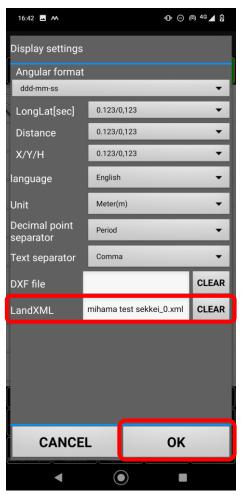
* Internal storage
Specified importing
destination folder
Internal Shared
Storage/Android
/data/ip.akt.SC Rover App/files



The name of the LandXML file pre-migrated to the specified folder is shown. Select and tap the file to import.

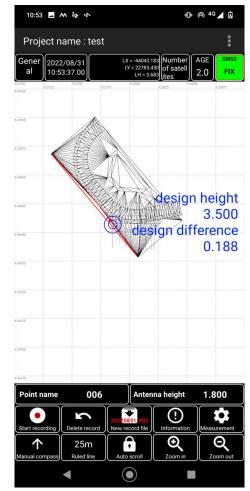


2-5-6. Importing a LandXML file



- * Hiding the DXF file
 Tapping [CLEAR] blanks the
 inside of the box.
 The LandXML file will hidden by
 tapping [OK] in the blanked
 field.
- * [DXF] can also be shown at the same time.

Tap [OK].



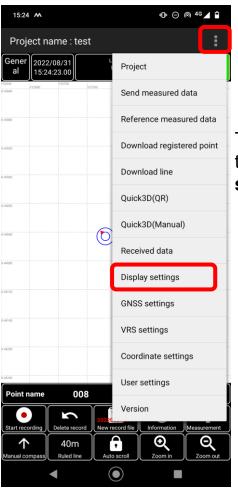
If the LandXML file you tried to import has been successfully imported, it will be displayed on the screen during measurement.

* Whether display or measurement is enabled may vary depending on the file size and the specifications and usage conditions of the terminal used.

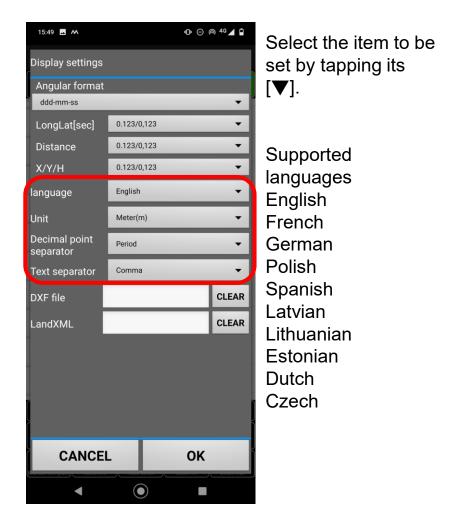


2-5-7. Setting the language, units, decimal point notation, and separator

You can set the language, units, decimal point notation, and separator.



Tap the menu and then [Display settings].



Chapter 3

Pre-Measurement Checks



3-1. Equipment Configuration



3-1. Equipment Configuration

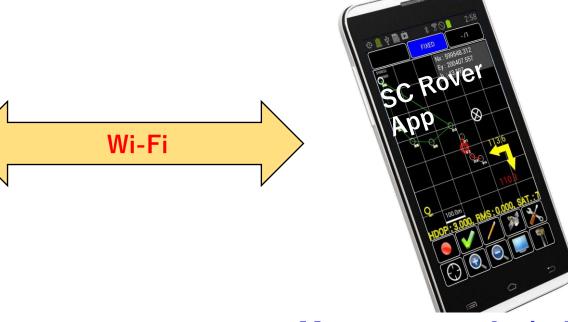
[SC Rover2]
Dedicated pole
mounting bracket

GNSS antenna cable

Telescopic pole

Bipots





Measurement Android terminal

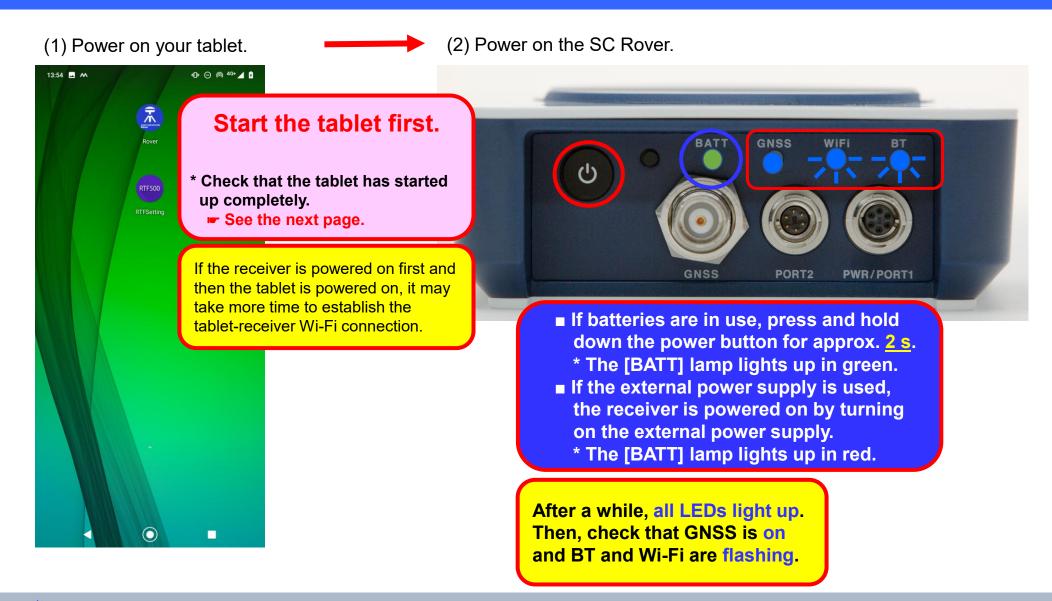
* The model differs depending on the time of delivery.

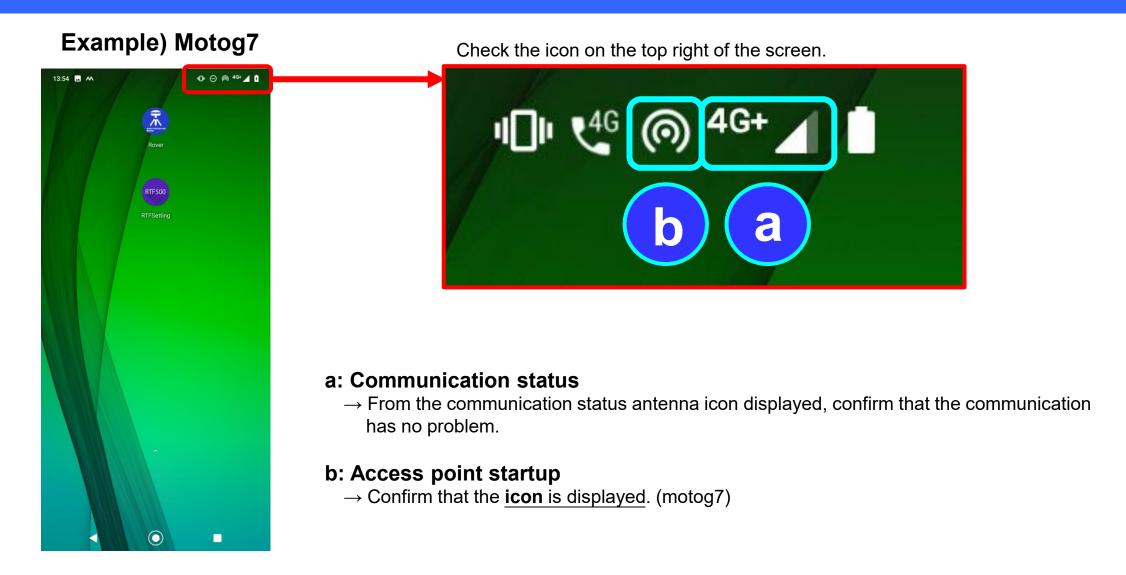
Important Notes

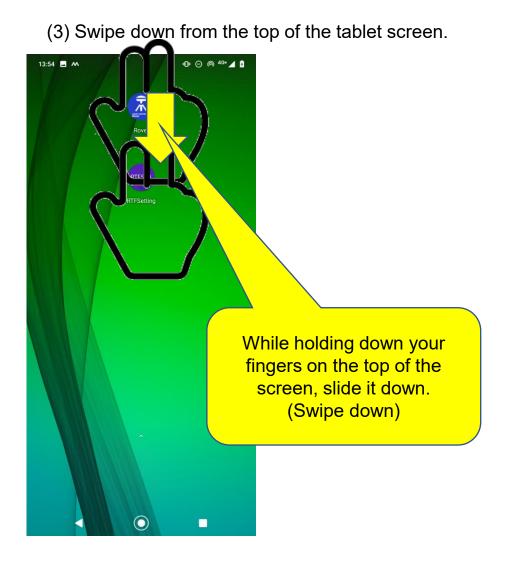
The Android device you are using is not waterproof.

* If there is a possibility of exposure to water, please use a waterproof case or similar protective cover.

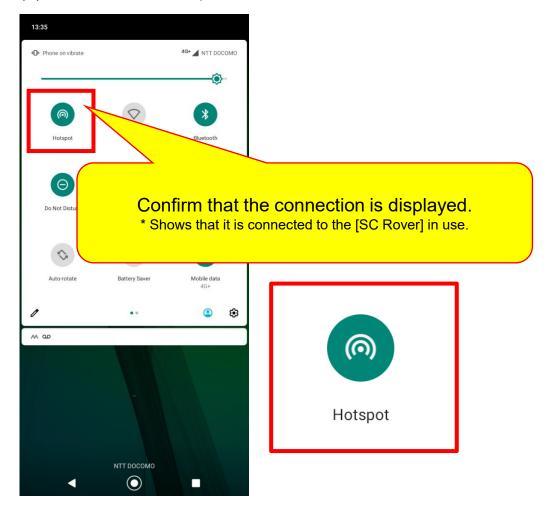








(4) Check the access point.



100

3-3. Starting SC Rover App

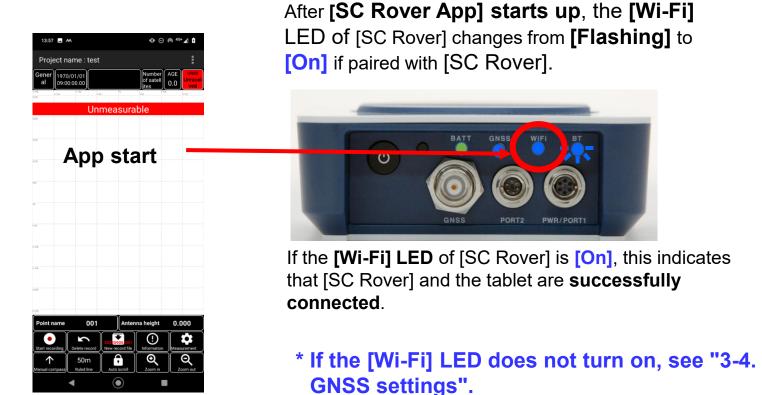


3-3. Starting SC Rover App

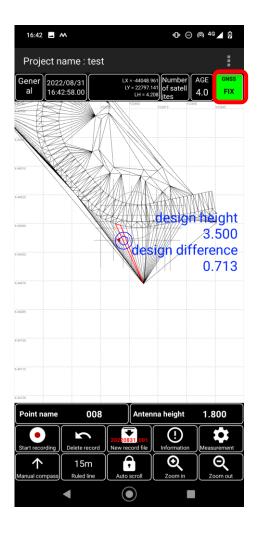


Confirm that [GNSS] is on and [BT] and [Wi-Fi] are flashing on [SC Rover]. Then, tap the [SC Rover App] icon to start it.

* The location of the icon may differ from this picture depending on the terminal.



3-3. Starting SC Rover App



If it is successfully connected with [SC Rover2], an icon other than displayed.



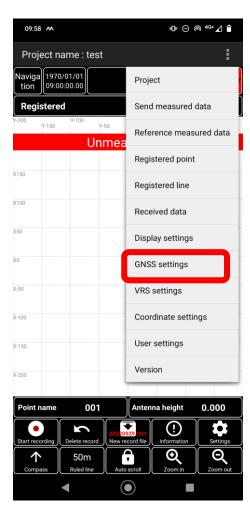
For example, **SGPS**, **FLOAT**, or **FIX** will be displayed.



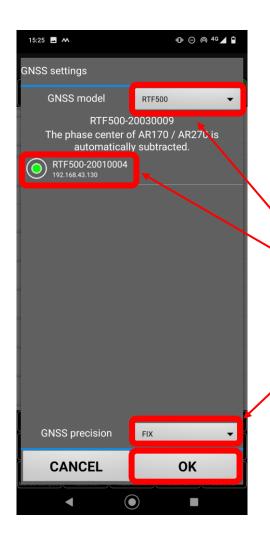
is displayed, see "3-4. GNSS settings".



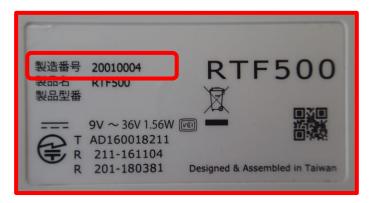




Tap the menu and then [GNSS settings].







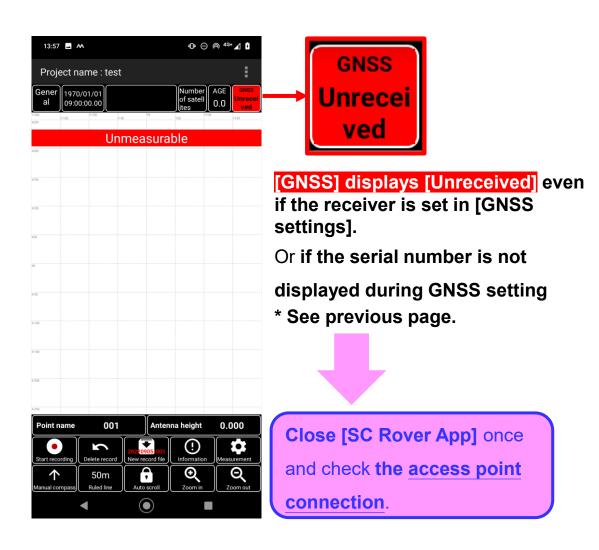
Select [RTF500/RTF800] in [GNSS Model].

After a while, [RTF800-serial number] paired (Wi-Fi client and AP setting) will be displayed.

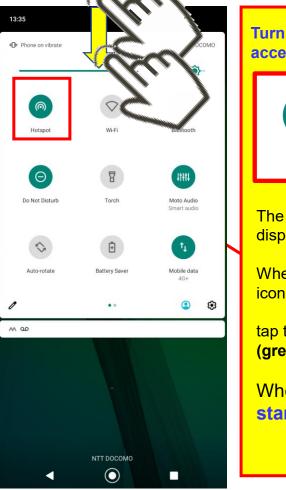
* If the terminal and [SC Rover] are properly connected via Wi-Fi, tap the [RTF800-serial number] to use.

For GNSS effective accuracy, select [FIX] and tap [OK].

* If the [RTF800-serial number] to use is not displayed Tap [CANCEL] and see the next page.



Swipe down from the top of the screen.



Turn On, Off, and then On the access point.



The access point connection is displayed.

When it is **On (green icon)**, tap the icon to turn it **Off (gray icon)** and

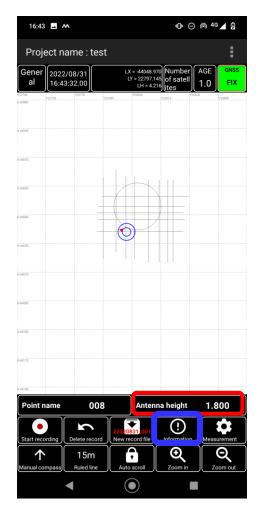
tap the icon again to turn it On (green icon).

When it is On (green icon), start [SC Rover App].

3-5. Inputting the antenna height



3-5. Inputting the antenna height



Tap [Antenna height].

* If [Antenna height] is <u>not</u> shown on the screen, at the lower part of the screen, tap the [Information] button to show it.



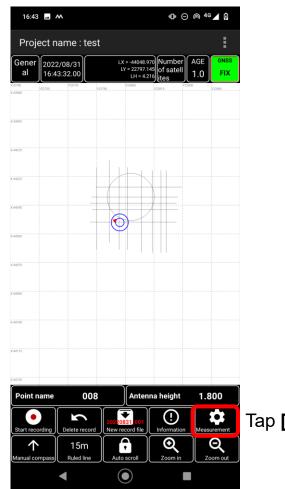
Enter the [Antenna height] for measurement and tap [OK].

* If [SC Rover] is using an [AR270] antenna, the antenna phase center height (0.0368 m) is automatically taken into account in [SC Rover App]. Thus, all you have to do is to enter the height of the pole to measure.

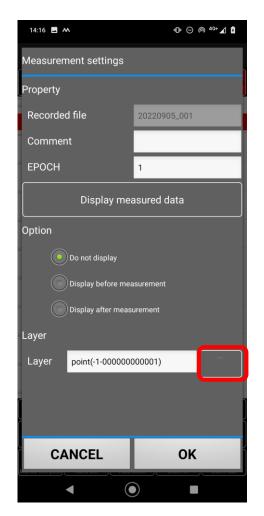
3-6. Selecting the layer



3-6. Selecting the layer

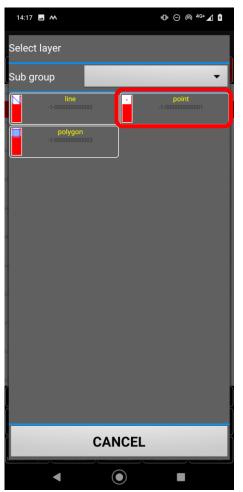


Tap [Measurement].



Tap next to the [Layer] box.

3-6. Selecting the layer

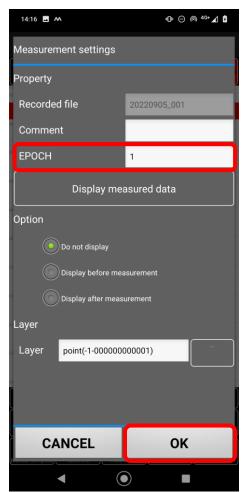


Tap [point].

Normally select [point]. However, [line] or [polygon] can also be used for measurement.

- [line]: For length measurement.

- [polygon]: For area measurement.



[EPOCH] specifies the number of data items to be averaged during measurement.

[SC Rover] usually outputs 1 Hz (once per second) data; for example, if you set it to [3], the data for 3 s will be averaged.

* This setting is not reflected in the measurement count for performing localization.
For performing localization, 10 (EPOCH) is used by default.

Tap [OK].

Chapter 4

Localization

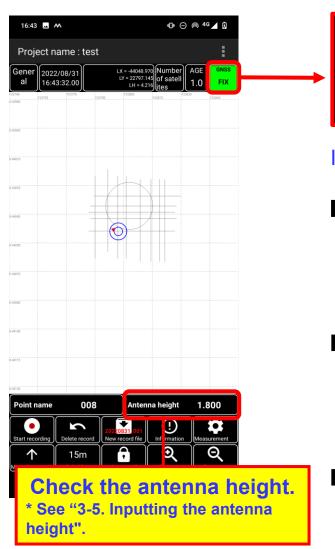
[Jobsite Setting] is used

Although not created on the jobsite, the GC3 file can be downloaded to the measurement terminal.

* Specifications as of July 2022







* Check the GNSS solution before measurement.

If GNSS is **[FIX]** (accuracy: a few centimeters), it is ready for measurement.

■ [FLOAT]

FIX

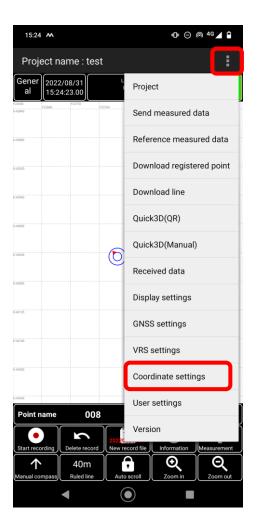
- The number of satellites may be insufficient, or the correction data may have a problem.
 - → If an obstacle is present in the sky or nearby, move to a place with better conditions.
 - → Check the communication status with the LTE antenna on the upper right of the screen. If LTE communication is unstable, check it after switching to 3G communication.

■ [SGPS]

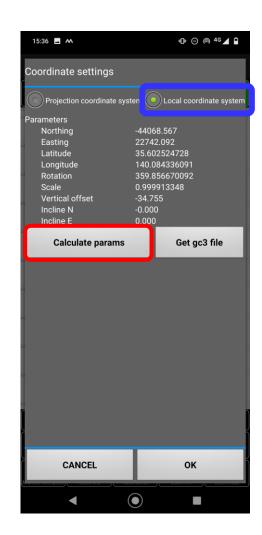
- No correction data has been received.
 - → Check the VRS settings.
 - → Check the communication status with the LTE antenna on the upper right of the screen.
 - * Check whether the SIM card has recognized it.

■ [Unreceived]

- It is not connected to [SC Rover2], or [SC Rover2] is not powered on.
 - → Check the GNSS settings or access point connection.
 - * See "3-4. GNSS settings".

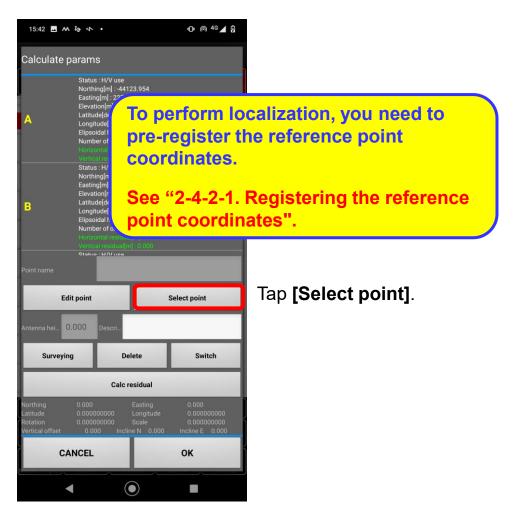


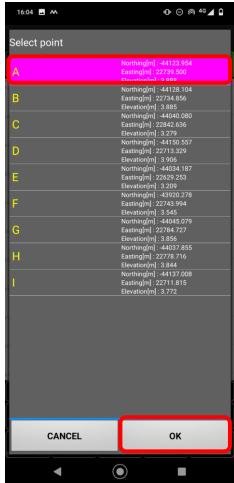
Tap the menu and then [Coordinate settings].



Tap [Local coordinate system].

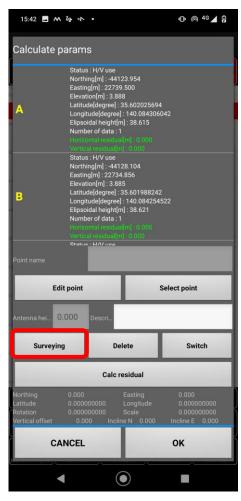
Tap [Calculate params].





Tap the point to measure and then [OK].





Fix the GNSS antenna on the registration point to measure.

Tap [Surveying].

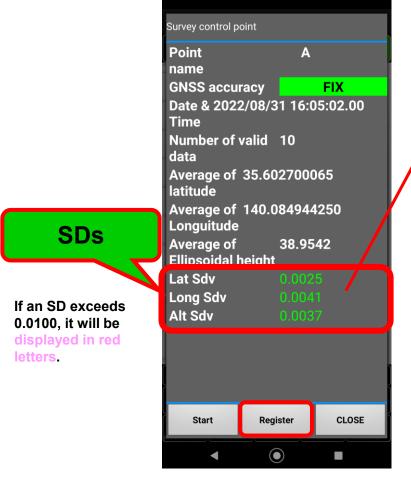


Tap [Start].

Measurement ends when the number of data items reaches [10] by default.



□ ⊝ ⊚ 4G ✓ □

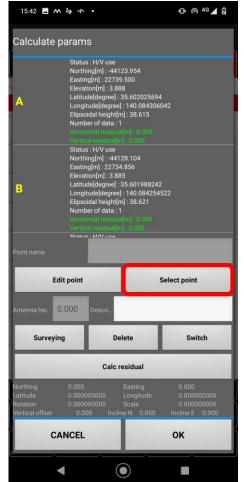


16:05 🔼 M

It is recommended to repeat the measurement and registration until every standard deviation (SD) reaches **0.0100 or less**.

Check the SDs. If they have no problem, tap [Register].

* To remeasure it, tap
[Start] to perform
re-measurement.

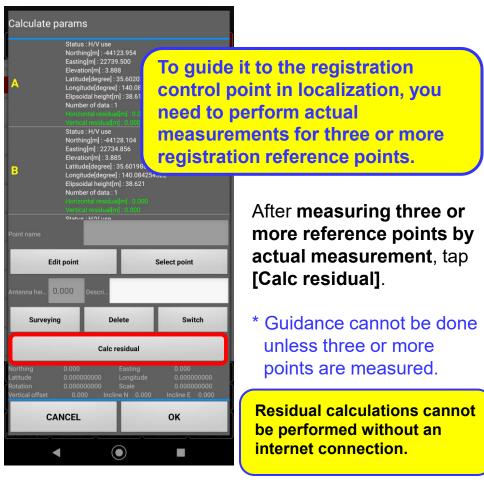


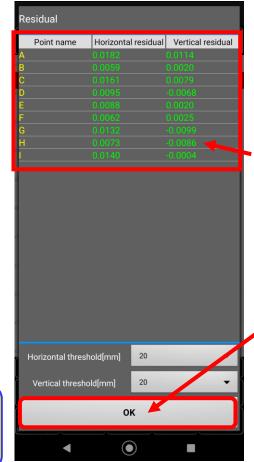
To continue the measurement, move to the measurement points in order.

Then, tap [Select point] and repeat the measurement in the same way.



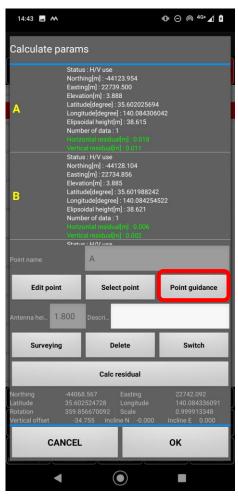
If three or more points are measured during localization to calculate the residual, guidance can be done to the registration reference points.





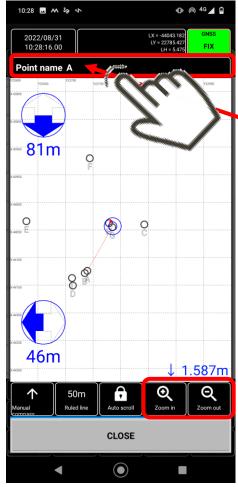
Check the residual. If it is in the threshold range, tap [OK].

* If the residual is out of the threshold range, check the registered coordinate values. If they have no problem, perform a re-measurement.



If the acquired residual is in the threshold range, the **[Point guidance]** button appears.

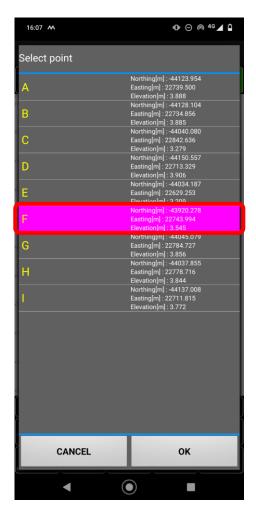
Tap [Point guidance].



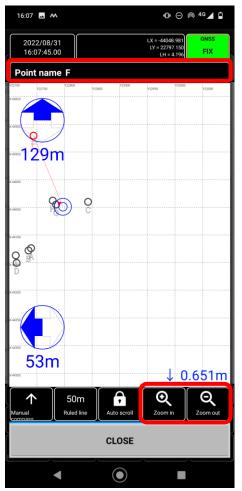
A guidance screen will appear. Select the reference point as the desired guidance destination.

Tap the [Point name] box.

Tap **[Zoom in]** or **[Zoom out]** and check the point as the desired guidance destination.



Select the reference point as the desired guidance destination.

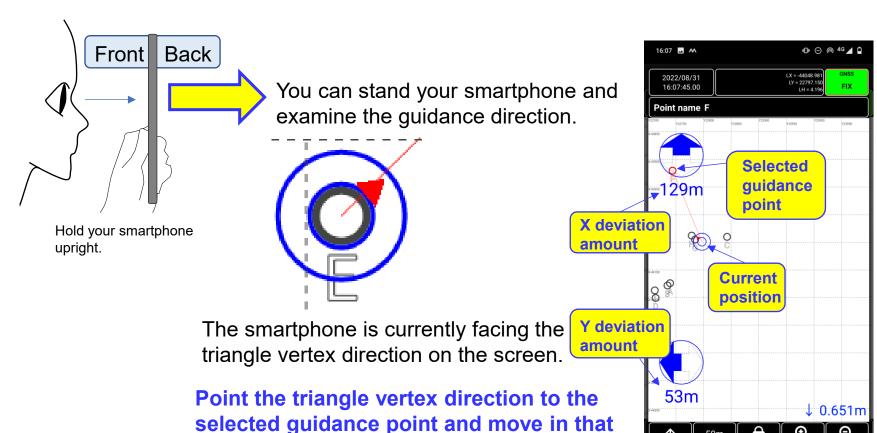


The guidance point can be changed by tapping the [Point name] box to select a point.

Tap [Zoom in] or [Zoom out] and check the selected point.



direction.



After you can get to know the guidance point, perform the actual measurement.

After this, carry out the guidance and then the actual measurement in the same way.

You can make confirmation by performing residual calculation after each time of guidance and measurement with three or more points.

It is difficult to know the X and Y deviation amounts. Thus, move in the direction of the guidance point without worrying about them.

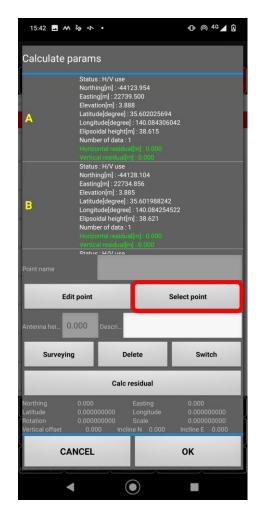
CLOSE

4-3. Remeasuring the measured reference point



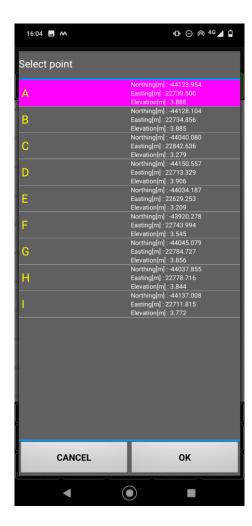
4-3. Remeasuring the measured reference point

To make re-measurement



Move to the registration point to remeasure.

Tap [Select point].



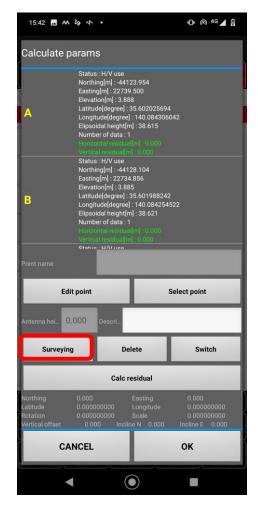
Tap the point to remeasure.

Tap [**OK**].



4-3. Remeasuring the measured reference point

To make re-measurement



Fix the GNSS antenna on the registration point to measure.

Tap [Surveying].



Tap [Start], and after the measurement is finished, tap [Register]. The measurement coordinates of the remeasured points are overwritten and registered.

4-4. Reference point residual calculation



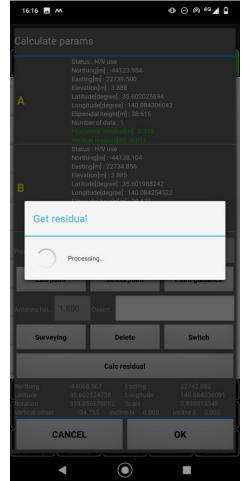
4-4. Reference point residual calculation



After measuring the registration points registered for localization, tap [Calc residual].

* Residual calculation can be performed when at least four registered points are measured without measuring all of them.

Residual calculation can be checked even during measurement.



Perform residual calculation via the server.

* Residual calculation is not performed in the application.

Residual calculation or control point registration is enabled only in an environment that enables Internet communication.

4-4. Reference point residual calculation



Lists the residual calculation results.

Tap [OK] if the residuals have no problem.

If you find a problem in the residual calculation, see "4-6. Switching the use mode of localization measurement points".

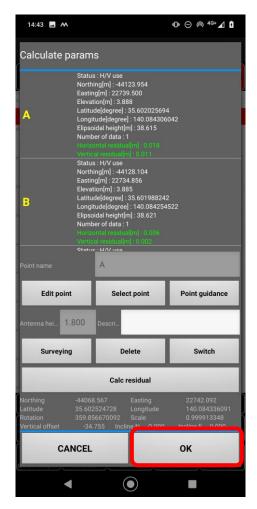
Horizontal and vertical thresholds can be set to 10 to 30 mm. The residuals over the threshold are displayed in red letters.

4-5. Registering the control points



4-5. Registering the control points

If the residual calculation has no problem, register the control points.



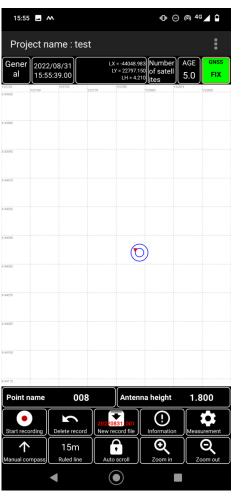
Residual calculation or control point registration is enabled only in an environment that enables Internet communication.

Register the local parameters resulting from the localization, i.e. the [control points].

- * If it is linked to [SMARTCONSTRUCTION] or [Jobsite Setting], the GC3 file can be created.
 - * See "2-2-2. Linking to a LANDLOG work".
 - * See "Chapter 5 GC3 File Download".

Tap [OK].

4-5. Registering the control points



If no error was issued during control point registration, the control points resulting from the localization have been registered.

* After you register the control points, in that project you can make measurements in the coordinate system where the localization was performed.

If it is linked to [SMARTCONSTRUCTION] or [Jobsite Setting], the GC3 file can be created.

- * If the project is linked to [SMARTCONSTRUCTION], the GC3 file will be created in the Data Folder > completed drawing > localization file.

 Also, the GC3 file can be downloaded.
- * If the project is linked to [Jobsite Setting], the GC3 file must be downloaded.

See "5-1. GC3 file download".





If you find a problem with the residual calculation, tap the point to switch the use mode or disable.



By tapping **[Switch]**, the mode can be switched between

- Horizontal&Vertical Use, Horizontal Use,
- Vertical Use, and
- Unused (Disabled).
- * You can select the mode to be used for residual measurement.







Mode: Horizontal Use

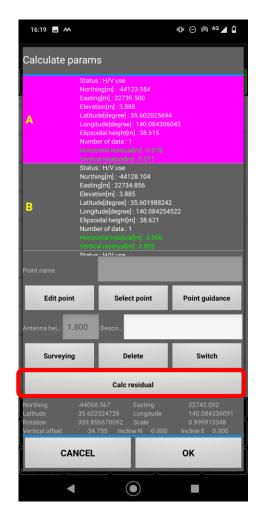
Only the Horizontal Mode is used for residual calculation.

Mode: Vertical Use

Only the Vertical Mode is used for residual calculation.

Mode: Unused

Not used for residual calculation.



Tap [Calc residual] to perform the residual calculation.



Lists the residual calculation results.

Tap **[OK]** if the residuals have no problem.

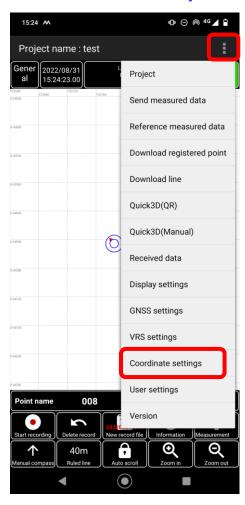
For registering the control points,

* See "4-5. Registering the control points".

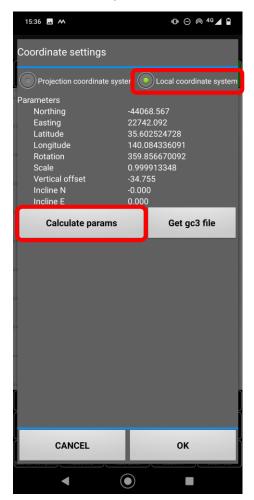




This function can export the measured latitude, longitude, and ellipsoidal height, as well as the reference point (X, Y, H) registered in the terminal, as a CSV file.

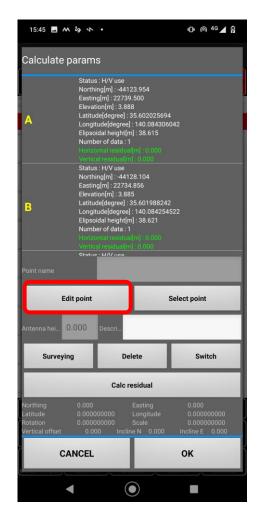


Tap the menu and then [Coordinate settings].

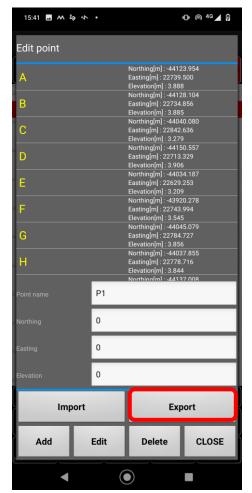


Tap [Local coordinate system].

Tap [Calculate params].

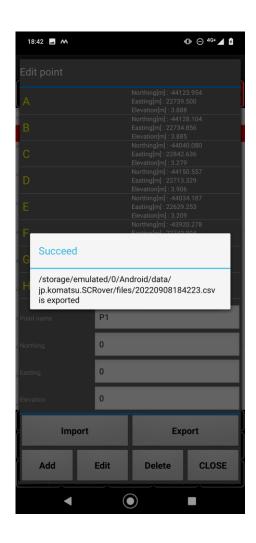


Tap [Edit point].



To export the reference point in the terminal to a file, tap **[Export]**.





Folder in the terminal:Data will be exported to **Internal Shared Storage/Android/data/ip.akt.SC Rover App/files** folder.

- * The exported file will be named [yyyymmddhhmmss.csv] (date and time of export).
- * The export destination folder is unchangeable.

Connect the terminal and PC. Then, transfer to the PC, the files exported in the terminal.

For connection between the PC and terminal, see 2-4-2-2, "(3) Copying and pasting the CSV file to the terminal".

Exported file format (e.g. file resulting from localization)

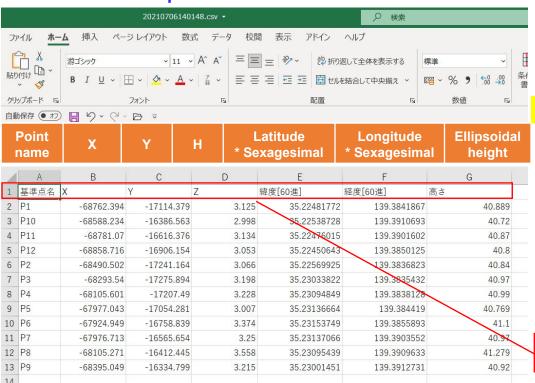
Notes

From [SC Rover App] Ver. 000033, the latitude and longitude that are imported and exported from the file are in sexagesimal notation (deg/min/s).

Be careful that the specification has been changed from Ver. 000033.

The latitudes and longitudes exported with a version earlier than 000033 or earlier are in decimal notation (deg).

The file format exported is as follows.



The data is listed as shown on the left in the CSV (comma-separated values) file (*.csv) format.

Example) Export with Microsoft Excel

A: Point name; B: X; C: Y; D: H; E: Latitude; F: Longitude; G: Ellipsoidal height

If no localization has been done, E: Latitude; F: Longitude; or G: Ellipsoidal

is not output.

Sexagesimal notation of latitude and longitude

Examples)

Latitude: 35°22'48.17724"

DD.MMSSSSSS -> 35.224817724

Longitude: 139°38'41.86722"

DDD.MMSSSSSS -> 139.384186722

- If measurement is made at a registered point, data will be output with the latitude, longitude, and ellipsoidal height added.
- If no measurement is made at the registered point, data will be output with the latitude, longitude, and ellipsoidal height fields blank (null).

File import succeeds without cell row 1.

Chapter 5

GC3 File Download

To perform the localization and download the GC3 file

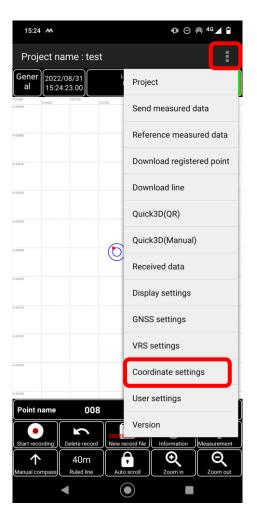
The project of [SC Rover App] must be linked to [SMARTCONSTRUCTION] of the LANDLOG work site or the jobsite of [Jobsite Setting].

In addition, the control points must have been registered in localization.

- * 2-1-2. Logging in to LANDLOG
- * Chapter 4 Localization
- **★** Irrelevant if you do not use the smart construction app.

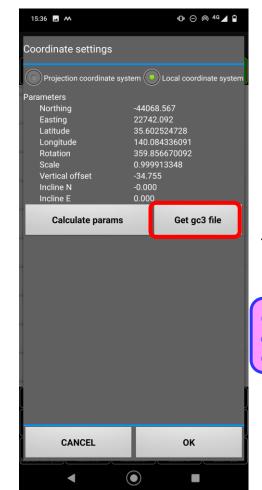


5-1. GC3 file download



Tap the menu .

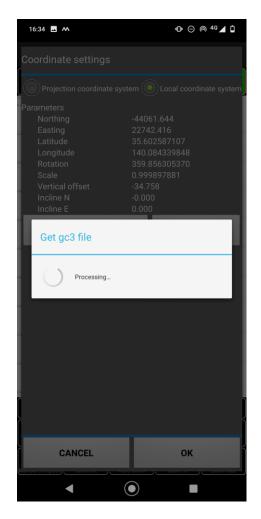
Then tap [Coordinate settings].



Tap [Get gc3 file].

GC3 file download is enabled only in an environment that enables Internet communication.

5-1. GC3 file download



The gc3 file is acquired.



Output to Internal Shared
Storage/Android/data/ip.akt.SC Rover
App/files folder in the terminal.

* The export destination folder is unchangeable.

With the terminal and PC connected, transfer the downloaded GC3 file to the PC.

2-4-2-2.

See "(3) Copying and pasting the CSV file to the terminal".

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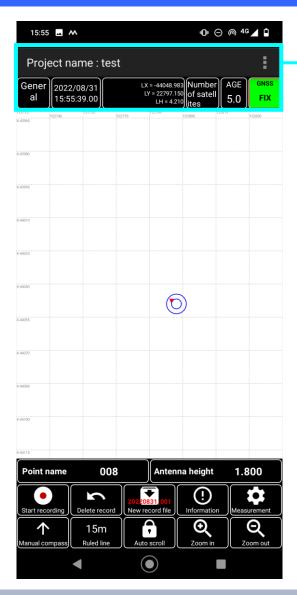


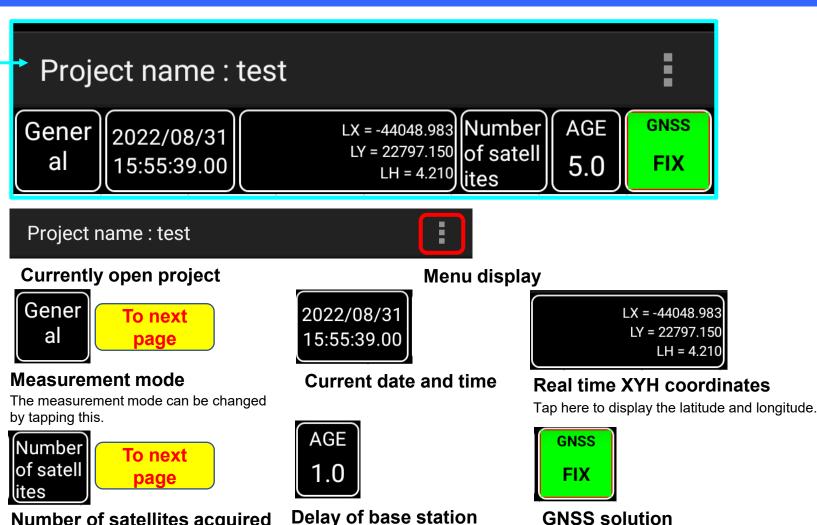
Chapter 6

Measurement screen









correction data

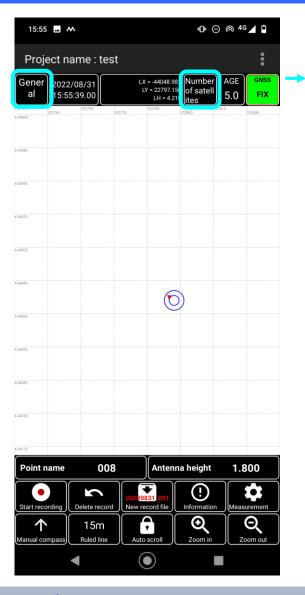
by the mobile station

Number of satellites acquired

Tap here to check the current satellite constellation.

GNSS solution

^{*} Not shared satellites with the base station.

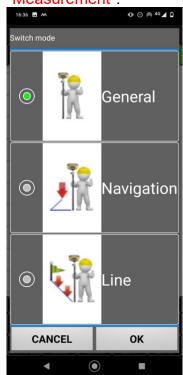




Measurement mode

Tap here to select a measurement mode.

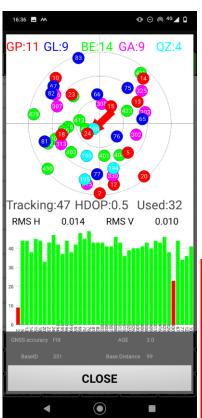
* For details of each mode, see "Chapter 8. Actual Measurement".





Number of satellites acquired of satell by the mobile station

Tap here to display the number of satellites, constellation status, RMS, etc.



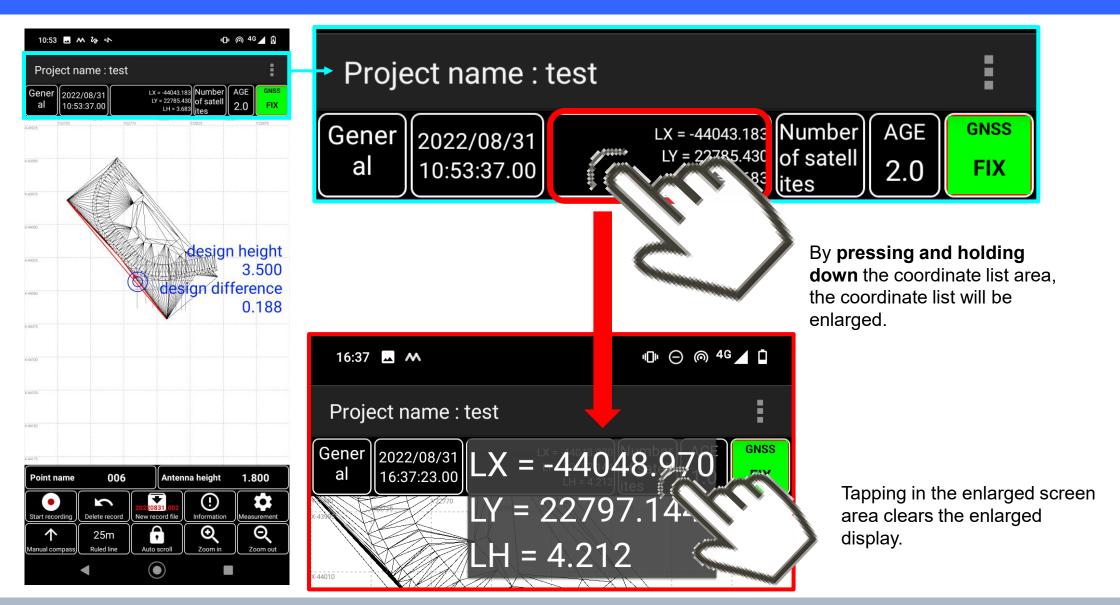
The displayed number of sky plot and that of tracking satellites are not the number of shared satellites with the base station, but the number of satellites from which radio waves are received by the mobile station at an elevation angle of 0 deg.

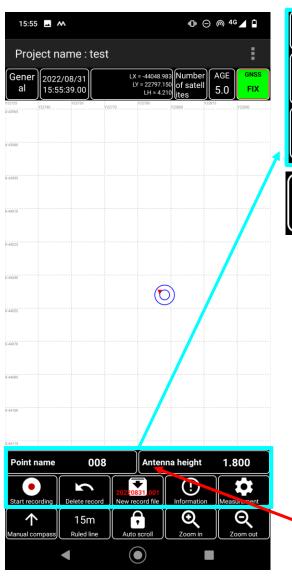
The number of Used satellites is that of satellites within the

elevation angle being set on the mobile station.

- To display the number of receiving satellites, the number of sky plot (satellite constellation status), the number of tracking satellites, or L1 SNR (signal strength) for each satellite cluster, your receiver needs to output the NMEA and GSV sentences.
- To display the number of Used satellites, your receiver needs to output NMEA and GNS data.
- To display the RMS, your receiver needs to output NMEA and GST data.
- Displaying the status of each satellite requires the output of the NMEA [GSV] from [SC Rover2].
- Displaying the number of **Used** satellites requires the output of the NMEA **[GNS]** from [SC Rover2].
- Displaying the RMS requires the output of the NMEA [GST] from [SC Rover2].
- Displaying the base distance (the distance from the base station) requires the output of the [Base station distance] from the [SC Rover2].









Point name 008

Tap here and enter the point name to record.



Tap here and enter the antenna height.

* See "3-5. Inputting the antenna height".



Tapping here starts recording.



Tapping here shows/hides the point name, antenna height, etc.

* Normally, set them to be shown.



Tapping here deletes the last item of recorded data.

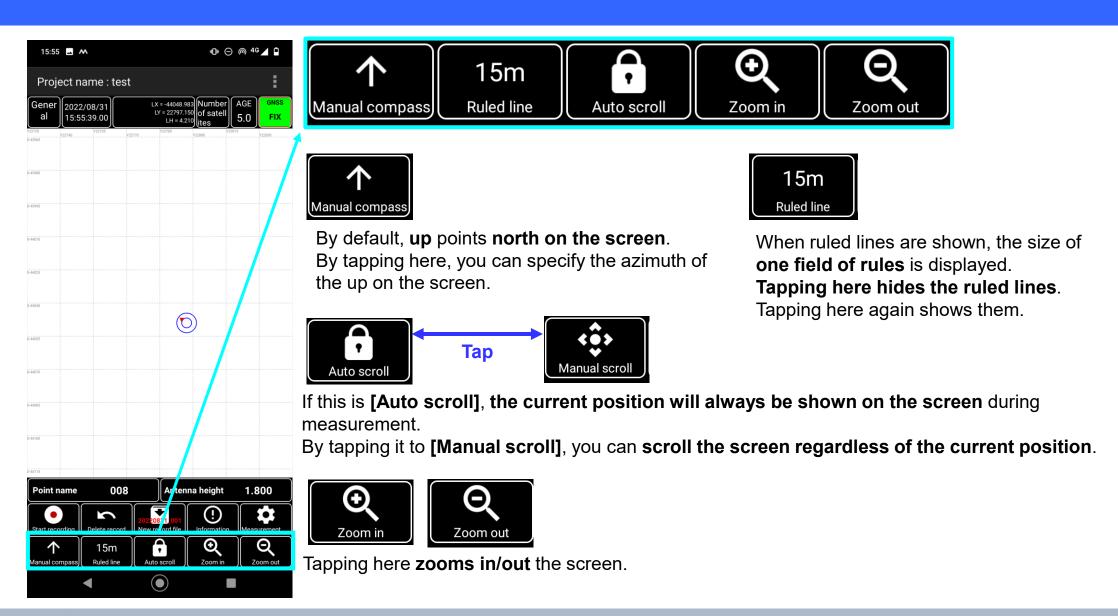


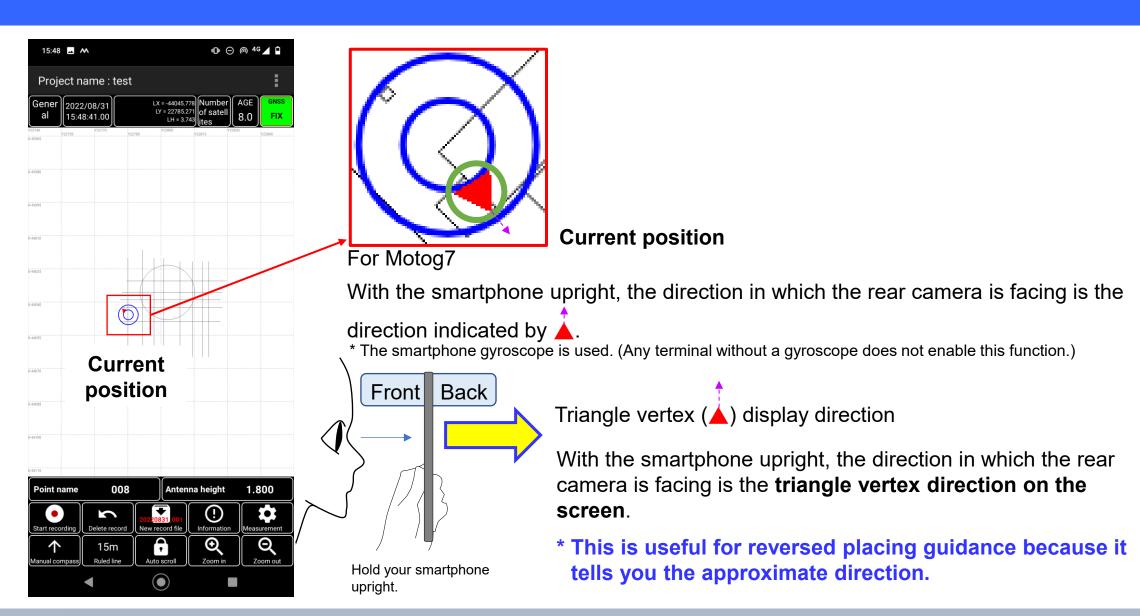
Tapping here creates a new record file.



Tapping here allows you to set the measurement conditions. See "8-1. General single-point measurement (or Point Measurement)".







Chapter 7

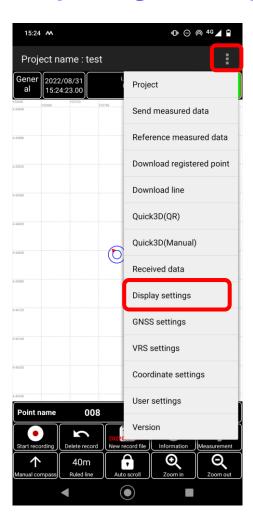
Importing and Displaying Design Data (LandXML) Files

By importing the LandXML file, you can view the difference from the measured height.





Importing and displaying design data (LandXML)



By importing and showing the design data file (LandXML), the difference in height from the design data will be shown on the screen during measurement in each measurement mode (general or reversed placing single-point).

The design data file (LandXML) to be displayed and measured during measurement is copied to the specified folder in the terminal.

* For how to copy data to the terminal, see 2-4-2-2, "(3) Copying and pasting the CSV file to the terminal".

Note: This function does not guarantee the import and display of all LandXML files.

* Reduce the data size as much as possible.

The data file may not be imported/displayed due to a problem included in it. The display of imported data may be affected by the specifications of the terminal used.

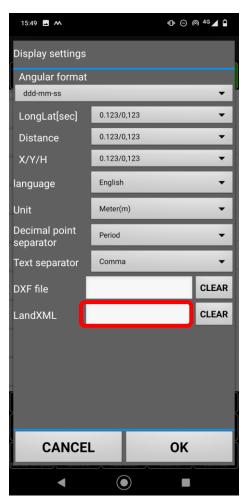
What we have verified until now (July 2022) is that after a 6 MB LandXML file is imported, the display and measurements are enabled with the Motog7 terminal.

* This depends on the specifications and usage of the terminal, and operation is not guaranteed.

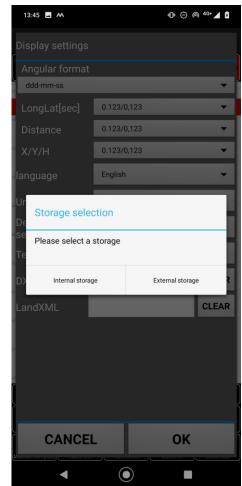
Example) If the design data file (LandXML) is copied in advance to the specified folder in the terminal.

For details, see "2-5-6. Importing a LandXML file".

Tap the menu and then [Display settings].



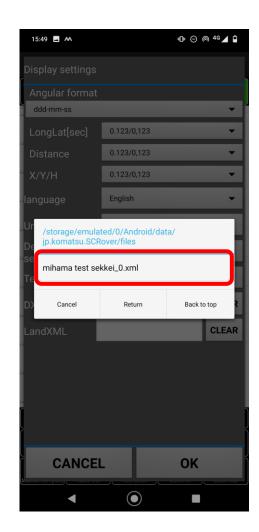
Tap in the **[LandXML]** box.



Select and tap [Internal storage] or [External storage] for the destination location to which to import the file.

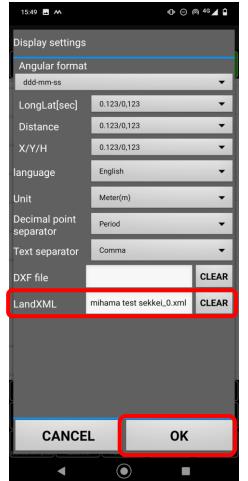
* Internal storage
Specified importing
destination folder
Internal Shared
Storage/Android
/data/ip.akt.SC Rover App/files





The name of the LandXML file pre-migrated to the specified folder is shown. Select and tap the file to import.

* Specified importing destination folder Internal Shared Storage/Android /data/ip.akt.SC Rover App/files

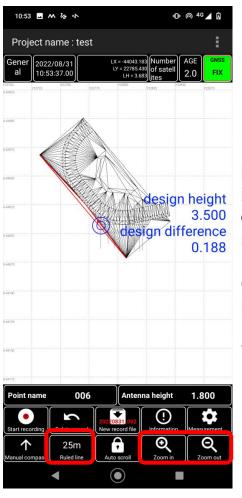


* Hiding the DXF file
Tapping [CLEAR] blanks the inside of the box.
The LandXML file will hidden by tapping [OK] in the blanked field.

* [DXF] can also be shown at the same time.

Tap [OK].

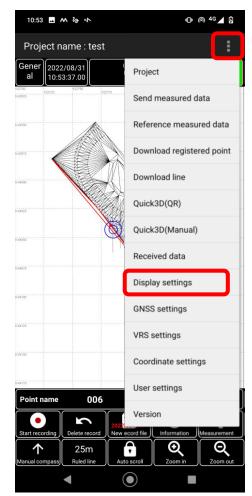
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If the LandXML file you tried to import has been successfully imported, it will be displayed on the screen during measurement.

Confirm it with [Zoom in] or [Zoom out].

* Whether display or measurement is enabled may vary depending on the file size and the specifications and usage conditions of the terminal used.

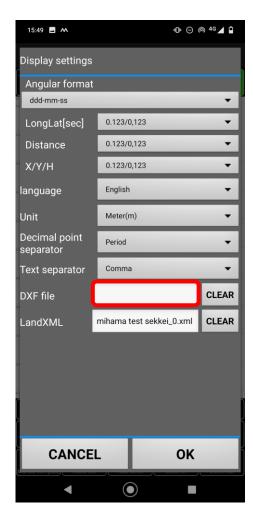


The DXF file imported as a background image can also be displayed simultaneously with displaying the data of the imported LandXML file.

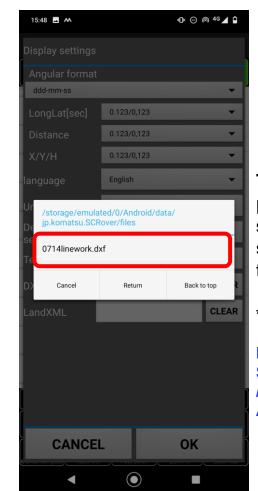
For details, see "2-5-5. Importing a DXF file".

* This function may fail in display/measurement due to the data size of the LandXML file, that of the DXF file to be displayed simultaneously, the terminal specifications, the status of use, and others.

Tap the menu and then [Display settings].

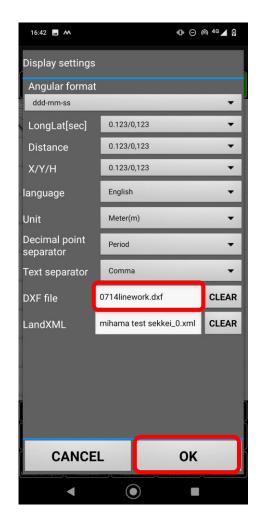


Tap in the **[DXF file]** box.

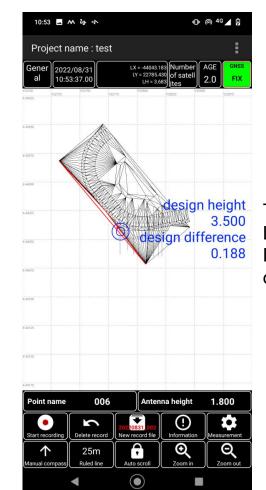


The name of the dxf file pre-migrated to the specified folder is shown. Select and tap the file to import.

* Specified importing destination folder Internal Shared Storage/Android /data/ip.akt.SC Rover App/files

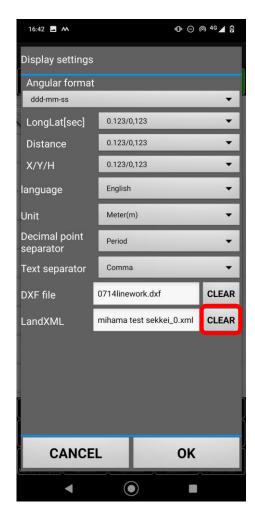


After confirmation, tap [OK].



The imported LandXML and DXF files are displayed.





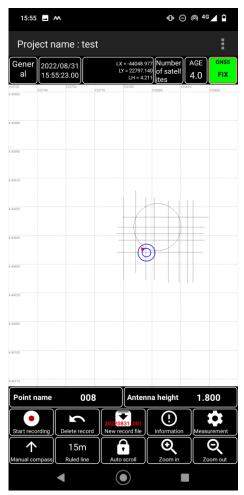
To **hide** the LandXML or DXF file, tap [CLEAR].

* LandXML in this example.



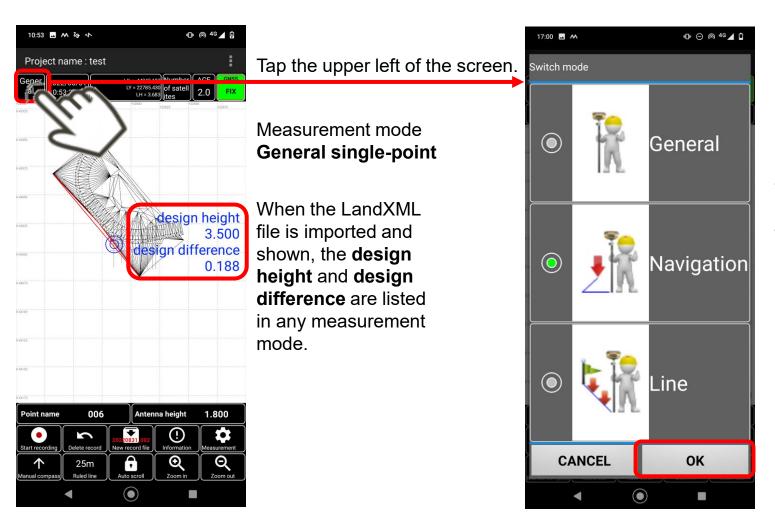
The box will be blank.
Tapping [OK] will hide the file.



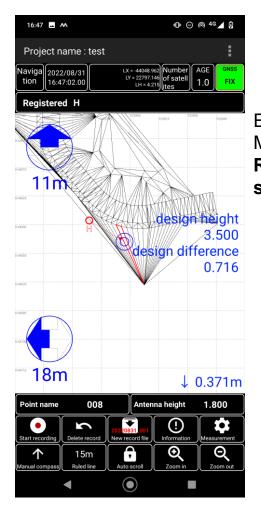


LandXML is hidden.

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Select the measurement mode, and tap [OK].



Example)
Measurement mode
Reversed placing
single-point

Chapter 8

Actual Measurement

Make actual measurements in each measurement mode.

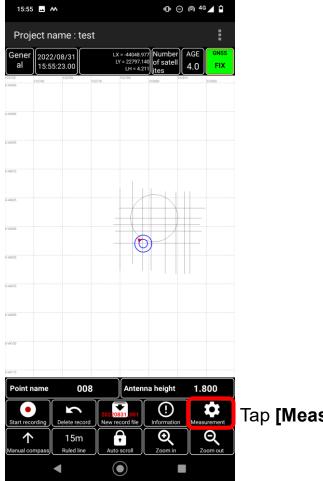
- 1. General single point: Measure any point
- 2. Reversed placing single-point: Guide to a registered "Reverse point" and measure
- 3. Survey line single-point: Guide to a registered "Survey line" and measure



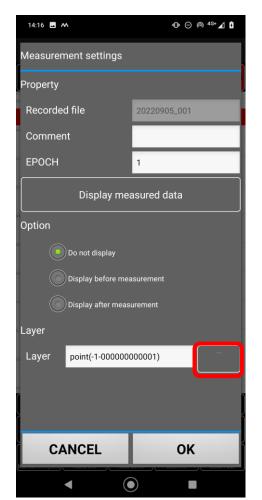
8-1. General single-point measurement

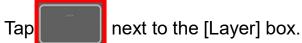
Measure any point











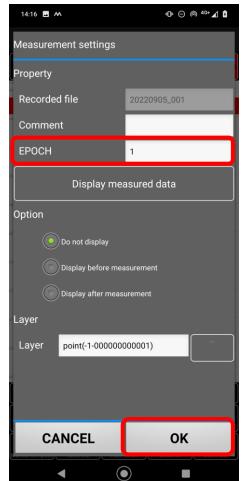


Tap [point].

Normally select [point]. However, [line] or [polygon] can also be used for measurement.

- [line]: For length measurement.

- [polygon]:For area measurement.

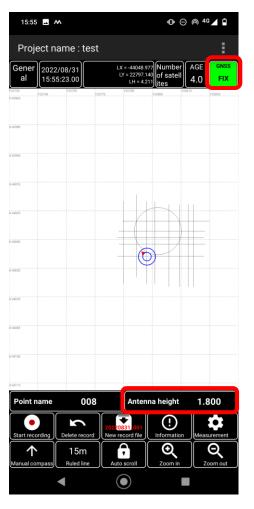


[EPOCH] specifies the number of data items to average during measurement.

[SC Rover] usually outputs 1 Hz (once per second) data; for example, if you set it to [3], the data for 3 s will be averaged.

* Irrelevant when the localization is performed.

Tap [OK].

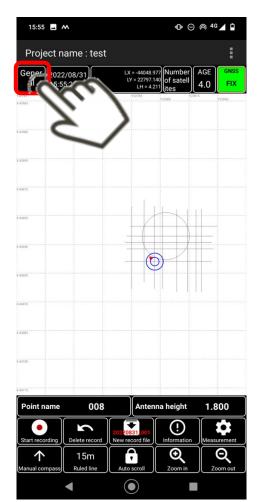


Confirm that GNSS is **[FIX]**.

Also, check that the **[Antenna height]** indicates the height of the pole to measure.

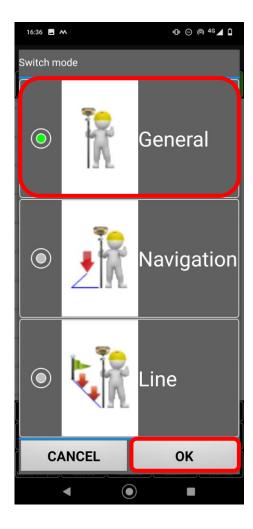
The phase center height of the antenna [AR270] used in pair with the SC Rover is taken into consideration. Thus, enter the pole height.

* See "3-5. Inputting the antenna height".

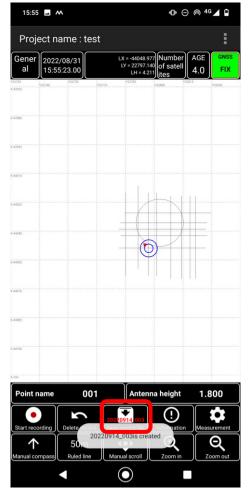


Select the **measurement method**.

Tap the upper left of the screen.



Tap [General] and then [OK].



Tap [New measurement file] to create a new measurement file.

The file name is automatically created in the format of "date sequence number" (e.g. 20200519_001).

For example, if you continuously perform singlepoint measurement without creating a new file, the results of single-point measurement will be saved in the same file name until you create a new file.

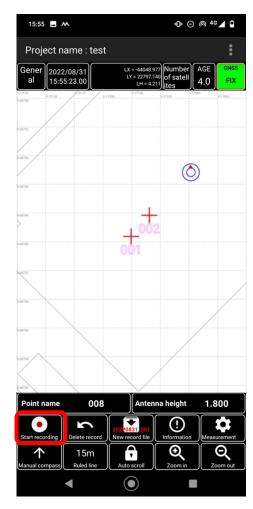
- * For example, multiple measured points are saved in a file named "20200519 001".
- → This does not mean that the measurement results will be lost.

For single-point measurement, tap [Record file] for each single-point measurement to make the save destination file different for each measurement point.

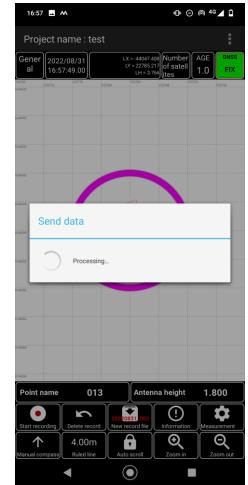
To make measurements on different layers (lines/faces), tap [New record file] to create it.

→ Even without creating a new one, the measurement results will not be lost.



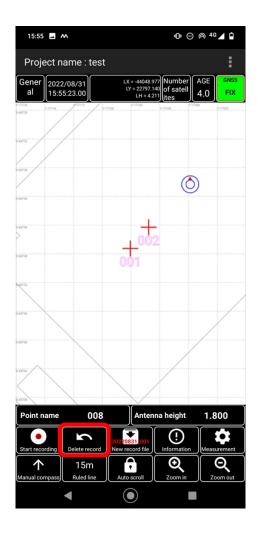


With the antenna fixed at the measurement location, tap [Start recording].



When the [EPOCH] value set in [Measurement settings] is reached, the measurement automatically ends and the data is sent.





Make measurements in order.

* To delete the measurement result of the currently measured point and remeasure it, tap [Delete record] before starting the re-measurement.

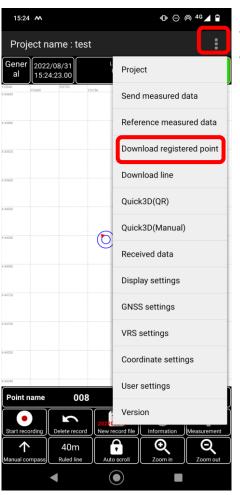


8-2. Reversed placing single-point measurement

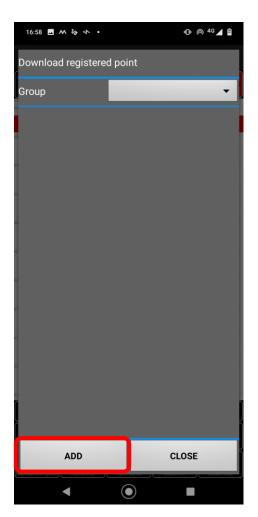
Guide to a registered "Reverse point" and measure



Register the reversed placing point



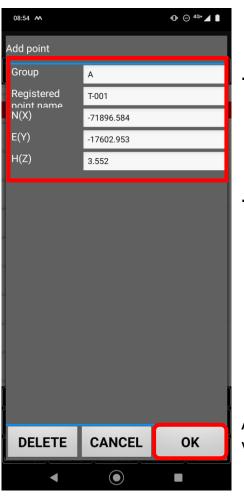
Tap the menu and then [Download registered point].



Registering the known points is by manual input. Manual input can be done by tapping [ADD].

To do manual input, tap [ADD].

Register the reversed placing point

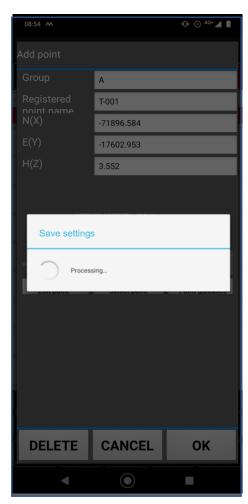


- Group: Enter the name.

- * Any name is accepted.

 Designed so that it can be registered for each category for easy selection.
- Known point name:
 Enter the known point
 name of the desired target
 point of reversed placing.
- N(X)
- E(Y)
- H(Z)
 Enter the X, Y, and H values.

After confirming the entered values, tap **[OK]**.



The input point is saved.



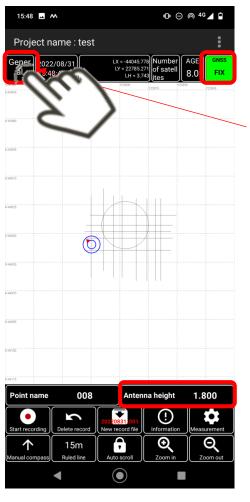
Register the reversed placing point



If you want to continue to enter, tap **[ADD]** and enter it the same way.

After completing the input, tap [CLOSE].

Perform reverse placing single-point measurement



Select the **measurement method**.

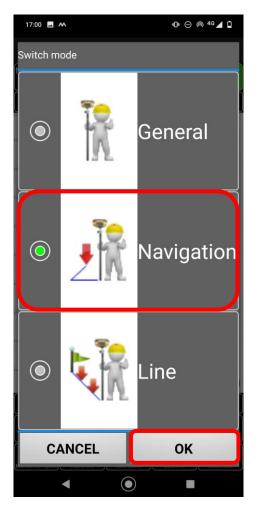
Tap the upper left part of the left screen.

Confirm that GNSS is [FIX].

Also, check that the **[Antenna height]** indicates the height of the pole to measure.

The phase center height of the antenna [AR270] used in pair with the SC Rover is taken into consideration. Thus, enter the pole height.

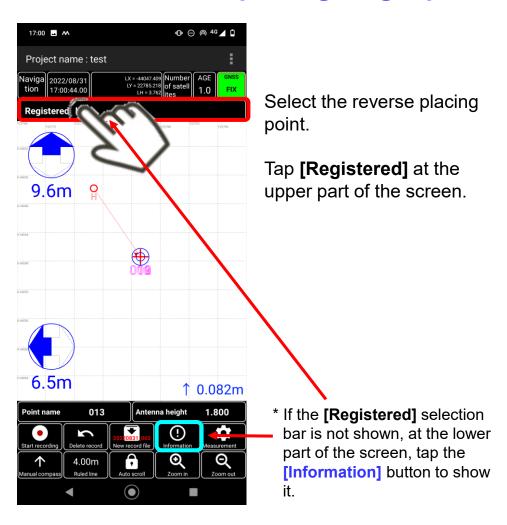
* See "3-5. Inputting the antenna height".

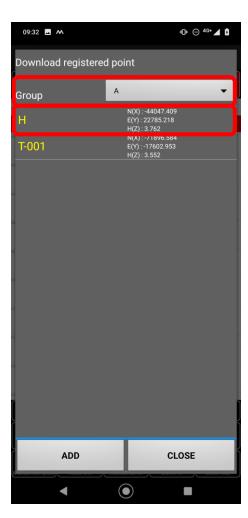


Tap [Navigation] and then [OK].



Perform reverse placing single-point measurement

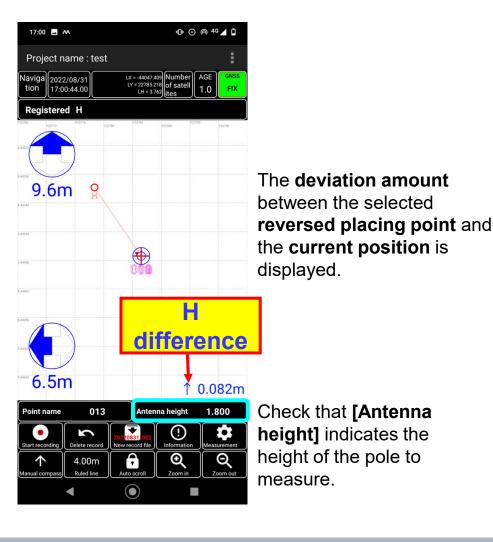


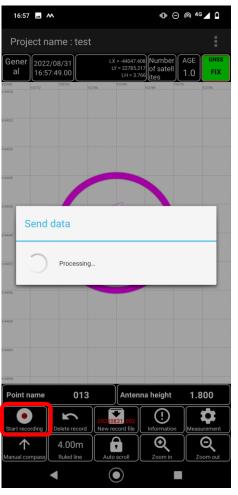


Tap [Group] and tap the target point of reverse placing measurement.

8-2. Reversed placing single-point measurement (guiding it to the reversed placing point before Point Measurement)

Perform reverse placing single-point measurement





Guide it to the reversed placing point and perform the measurement.

The measurement method is the same as "8-1. General single-point measurement".

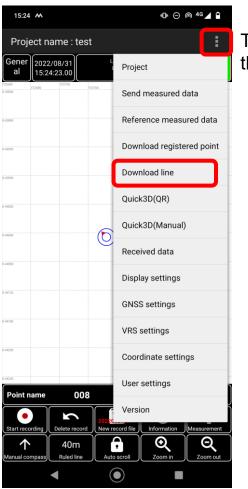
With the antenna fixed at the measurement location, tap [Start recording].

8-3. Survey line single-point measurement

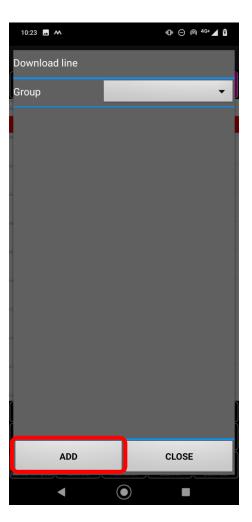
Guide to a registered "Survey line" and measure



Register the survey line



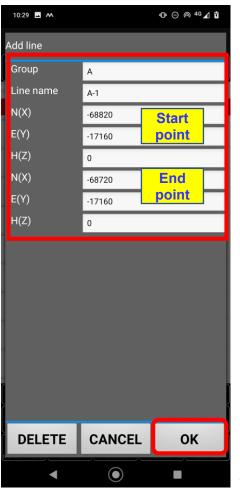
Tap the menu and then [Download line].



Registering the survey line is by manual input. Manual input can be done by tapping [ADD].

To do manual input, tap [ADD].

Register the survey line



- Group: Enter the name.

- * Any name is accepted.

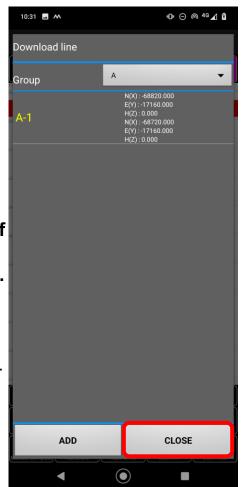
 Designed so that it can be registered for each category for easy selection.
- Line name:
 Enter the survey line name.
 Enter the point coordinates of

the two endpoints (start and end points) of the survey line.

- N(X)
- E(Y)
- **H(Z)**Enter the **X**, **Y**, and **H** values.
- * Enter 0 for H.

The height difference is not shown during measurement.

After confirming the entered values, tap **[OK]**.

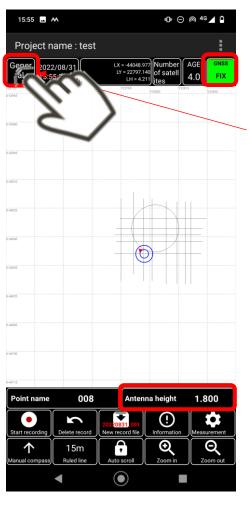


The input point is saved.

If you want to continue to enter, tap **[ADD]** and enter it the same way.

After completing the input, tap [CLOSE].

Perform survey line single-point measurement



Select the **measurement method**.

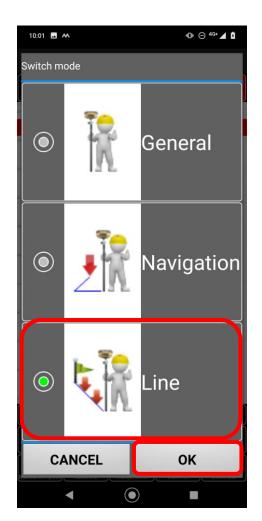
Tap the upper left part of the left screen.

Confirm that GNSS is [FIX].

Also, check that the **[Antenna height]** indicates the height of the pole to measure.

The phase center height of the antenna [AR270] used in pair with the SC Rover is taken into consideration. Thus, enter the pole height.

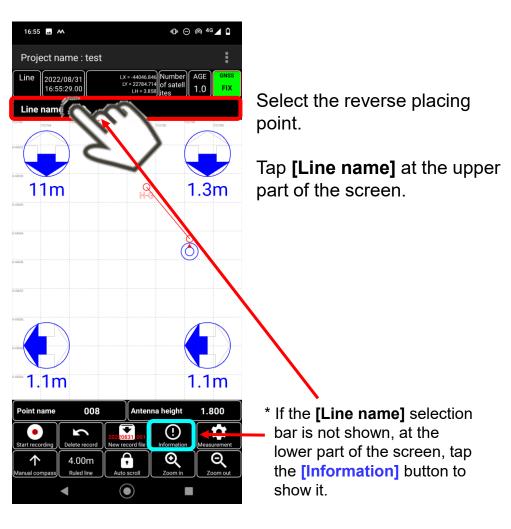
* See "3-5. Inputting the antenna height".



Tap [Line] and then [OK].



Perform survey line single-point measurement

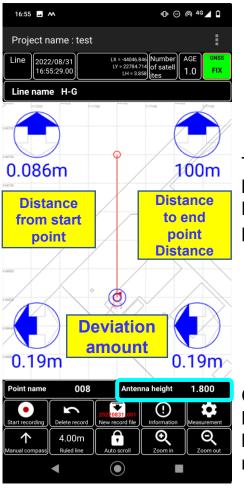




Tap [Group] and then the survey line to measure.

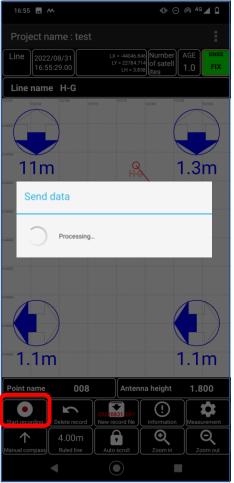
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Perform survey line single-point measurement



The deviation amount between the selected survey line and the current position is shown.

Check that [Antenna height] indicates the height of the pole to measure.



Guide it to the reversed placing point and perform the measurement.

The measurement method is the same as "8-1. General single-point measurement".

With the antenna fixed at the measurement location, tap [Start recording].

Chapter 9

Measurement Point Position Checks

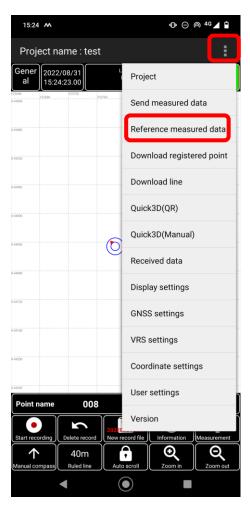
The coordinates of the measured data can be viewed on the terminal screen and be output as a CSV file.

9-1. Checking the measured points



9-1. Checking the measured points

Check the coordinates on the spot



Tap the menu and then [Reference measured data].



You can view the coordinates measured for each **measurement** mode of the top tabs.

You can view the details by tapping the desired item of measured data to be viewed.

9-1. Checking the measured points

Check the coordinates on the spot

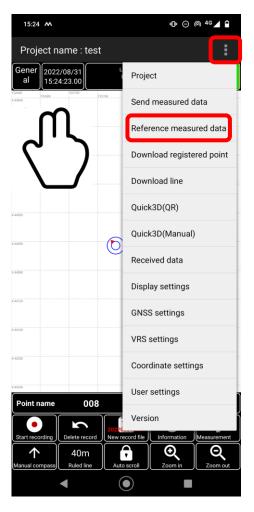


This screen lists the X, Y, H, latitude, longitude, and ellipsoidal height values of the measured data.

* The latitude and longitude are expressed in deg.



Check the coordinates on the spot



Tap the menu and then [Reference measured data].

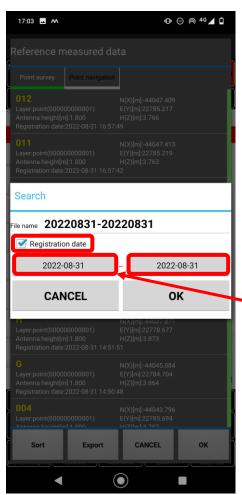


You can view the coordinates measured for each of the measurement modes on the top tabs.

To export the file, tap **[Export]**.

* The file will be exported into the

terminal.

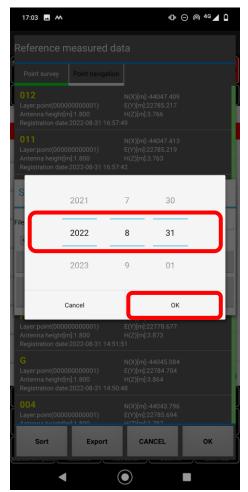


Tap [Registration date] to check ☑ it.

[Output all EPOCH data]
Check ☑if you want to
output the averaged
Measurement coordinates
in general.

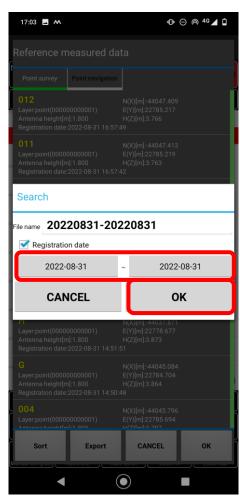
Tap the date to specify the date range for file export.

Be sure to specify the date range.



Specify the date and tap [OK].





Check the specified date range and tap **[OK]**.





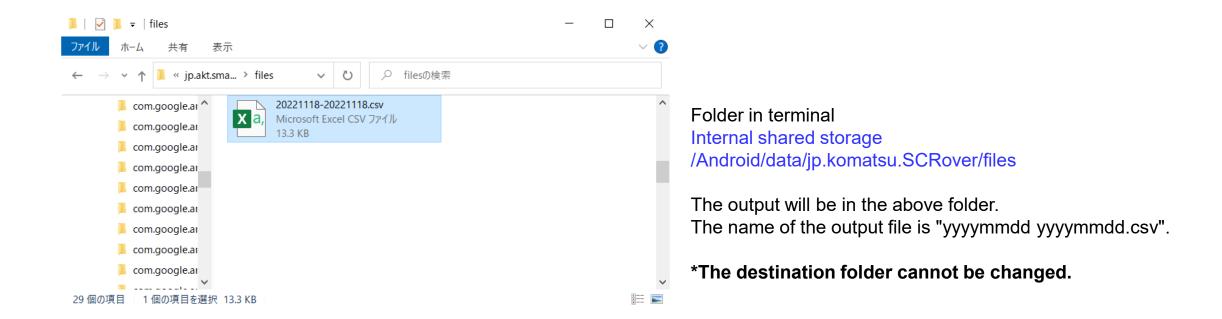
Folder in the terminal:Data is exported to Internal Shared
Storage/Android/data/ip.akt.SC
Rover App/files folder.

- * The file exported will be named [yyyymmdd-yyyymmdd.csv] (the specified export date).
- * The export destination folder is unchangeable.

Connect the terminal and PC. Then, transfer to the PC, the files exported in the terminal.

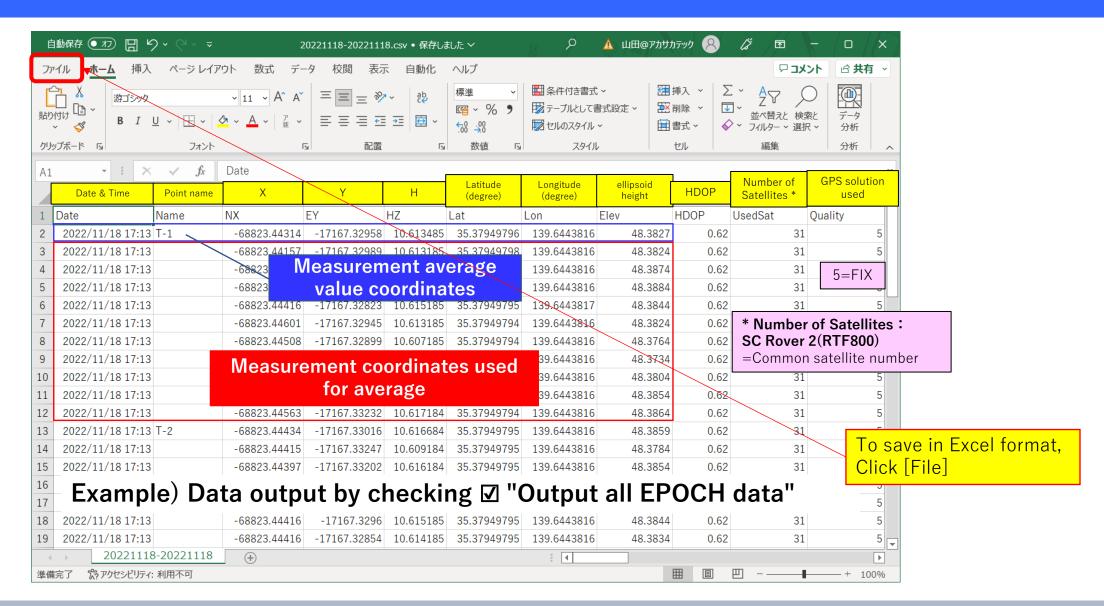
2-4-2-2.
See "(3) Copying and pasting the CSV file to the terminal".





Connect the device and a computer, and transfer the files output to the device to a computer, etc.







① Click "Save As"

↓
② Select the save destination

↓
③ Enter the file name

↓
④ Select the file format to save
*Usually "Excel workbook (*xlsx)"

↓
⑤ Click "Save"

Chapter 10

Quick3D (GCP measurement)

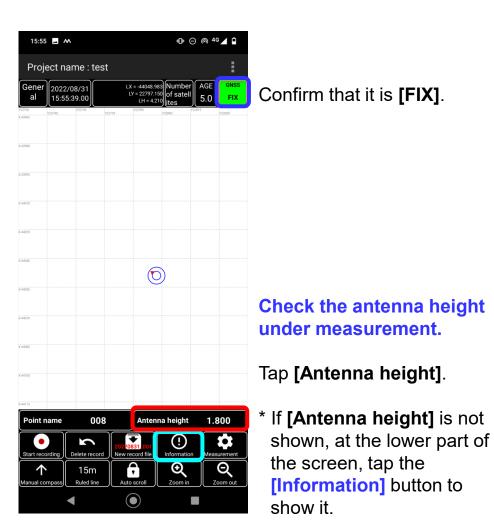
Measure the ground control point (GCP) coordinates of Quick3D

Read the QR code of the GCP or enter the point name manually, and perform the measurement.

The [Quick3D] menu appears only when the project is linked to LANDLOG.



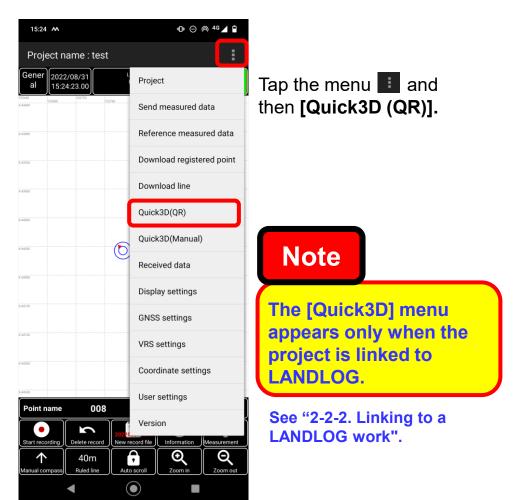


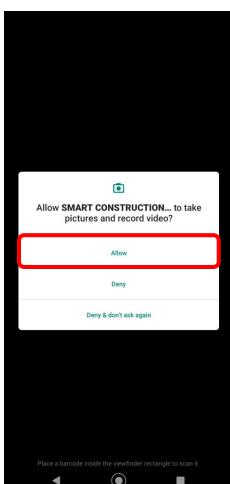




Enter the [Antenna height] for measurement and tap [OK].

* If [SC Rover2] is using an [AR270] antenna, the antenna phase center height is automatically taken into account in [SC Rover App]. Thus, all you have to do is to enter the height of the pole to measure.

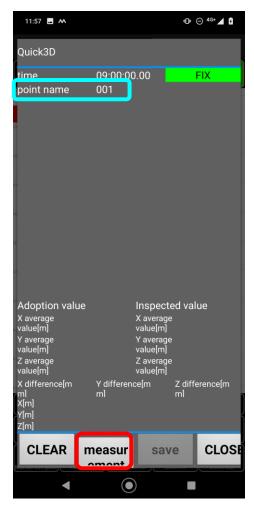




A permission confirmation is displayed only at the first time of use. Tap [Allow].



The QR code reading screen starts up. Hold the smartphone over the QR code on the GCP sheet to read the point name.



Fix the GNSS antenna horizontally at the measurement position of GCP and tap [measurement].





The average values of 10 epochs are listed in the adoption value section.

Tap [measurement] again to perform the measurement of the inspected values.



The average values of 10 epochs of the inspected values are listed, and the differences between the adoption and inspected values are listed.

When the difference between the adoption and inspected values is **in the specified range**, **[Save]** is enabled. Tap it to send the measured data to the server.

- * The coordinate values sent are adoption values.
- * Specified range X and Y differences: ≤ 20 mm Z difference: ≤ 30 mm
- * For re-measurement, see the next page.





If the measurement result is out of the specified range, tap **[CLEAR]** and perform the re-measurement.

* Inspected values are cleared by tapping [CLEAR] in the [Inspected value] section. Tapping [CLEAR] again clears adoption values.

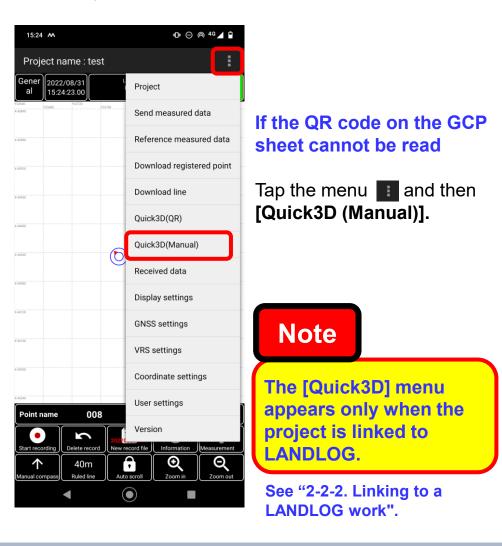


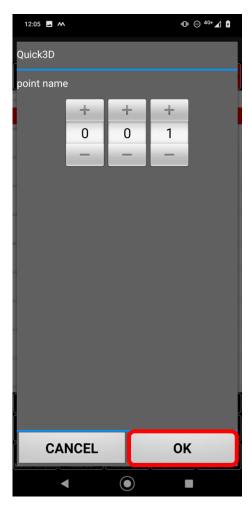
10-2. Measuring the ground control points (GCPs) manually



10-2. Measuring the ground control points (GCPs) manually

If the QR code on the GCP sheet cannot be read





Manually enter the point name on the GCP sheet and tap **[OK]**.

After that, the measurement method is the same as "10-1. Measurement by reading the QR code".

Contact information



EARTHBRAIN Ltd.

You can contact support via the following site: https://support.smartconstruction.com/hc/en-us/requests/new

